The Bombay Gazette

No. 12,176 New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1887.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	FRIDAY.
L. ANCONA	3128	600	A. W. J. Webber	16th Dec.
—NIZAM	2726	500	R. W. Hazelwood	23rd "
L. MALWA	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	30th "

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the steamers, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route and names registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back via Taranto, Naples, Rome and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing, to receive passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons. H. P.	Captain.	On or about
BALLAARAT	4732 900	E. Ashdown	23rd Dec.

Return Tickets are issued to all ports, for particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S.N. Company.
Bombay, Nov. 26, 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 520, " 350.
First and second respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers for Marseilles tranship at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
MANILLA	5,000 800	20th Dec.	10th Feb.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000 800	10thJan.	1st March
D. BALDUINO	5,000 800	1st Feb.	20th March.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *viâ* Genoa or Naples, At SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.		To sail
BISAGNO	...	On the 17th Dec.
STURA	...	On the 7th Jan.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon Mouse, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 2, 1887.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS

BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1888.
POSEIDON	S. Mersa	4,606	650	7th Jan.
ELEKTRA	P. Mersa	4,200	600	7th Feb.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

From this date through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th, and BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail. 1887.
ELEKTRA	P. Mersa	4,200	600	14th Dec.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Sept. 15, 1887.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. the SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s.s. "SWORDSMAN" will sail on THURSDAY, the 15th Dec. For Freight or Passage, apply to

VISRAM EBRAHIM & Co.,
Agents.

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.

PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Handbook for Travellers may also be had free.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.

Arrived by the *s.s. Mirzapore.*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF THE LATEST DESIGNS IN
CHRISTMAS GREETINGS
of the Present Season in England.

HAND-PAINTED CHRISTMAS STUDIES ON PORCELAIN.

PAINTINGS ON SATIN, PERFUMED.

COLOURED STUDIES ON VELVET.

ORNAMENTAL AUTOGRAPH CARDS.

ART GEM FRINGE CARDS.

Every Variety of Newest Designs in Christmas and New Year Cards at Price

Varying from Rs. 6 to Annas 2.

Also, a Large Assortment of
CHILDREN'S CHRISTMAS STORY BOOKS.
ILLUSTRATED IN COLOURS.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
16, Esplanade, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "COMMILLA," 872 tons, on FRIDAY, 16th December 1887, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PEMBA," 1,552 tons, on MONDAY, 12th December, (on arrival of Outward, Euclise Mails) calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Bussreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "CANARA," 1,903 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 14th December, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on THURSDAY, the 29th December, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

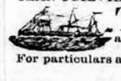
S.S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on FRIDAY, 16th December, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, Dec. 10, 1887. Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

	Tons.	Commdr.	about.
CLAN OGILVIE	2,500	D. Miller	15th Dec.



THIS Steamer has accommodation for First Class Passengers, and passages are now available.

For particulars as to rates, &c., apply to

FINLAY MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd Dec, 1887.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe.
Interpreters meet Steamers at all chief Continental Ports.
Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON.
CHIEF OFFICE IN INDIA. } RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOCH FYNE HERRINGS.

Rs. 3 per stone jar.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

COARSE CUT
SCOTCH OATMEAL.

Prepared from the finest selected Midlothian Growths.
Per 2 lb. tins, 10 annas.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PRIME STILTON CHEESE.

(10lbs. to 14lbs. each)
Re. 1-4 per lb.

THIS Cheese is superior to any the Company has previously imported.

TREACHER AND Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA & POONA.

INDIA-RUBBER TUBING.

PURE, Perfectly elastic, and warranted the very best made. Sizes of interior diameter ¼ inch to 1 inch.

KEMP AND CO., Limited.,
BOMBAY.

KEMP'S UNRIVALLED
HOUSEHOLD CLARET

HAS maintained its pre-eminence for the last Seventeen Years as a Sound, Wholesome and Superior Table-Wine. It still challenges competition.

Quarts, Rs. 10; Pints, Rs. 5-8, per dozen.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.

EQUATORIAL
HAIR DOUCHE
(REGISTERED)
THE NE PLUS ULTRA
OF
HAIR DRESSING FOR GENTLEMEN.

Vitalizes the scalp, invigorates the hair, counteracts lassitude, and throws a charm into the operations of the toilet; refreshing the Brain, and counteracting the depressing influences of Hot Weather.
Per bottle, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.
Sold by all dealers in the Bombay Presidency.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,
KEMP AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.

KEMP AND COMPANY'S.
PAINLESS
CORN AND WART REMOVER.

GIVES instant relief the moment it is applied, and if used night and morning for a few days the Corn or Wart will peel completely off, without inconvenience or pain.

"In its effects it is a real marvel."
M. S. Jamsetjee.

Per Bottle, 10 as. and Re. 1.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & COMPANY, Limited,
BOMBAY.

FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR.

ALL those who appreciate LILY-WHITE TEETH, PURITY OF THE MOUTH, and a BREATH OF FLOWERS, regard this as THE GEM of all Toilet Requisites.

FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR is a fragrant mixture of distilled Essences and Gums; and forms with water a delicious Mouth Lotion, which is at the same time a perfect antiseptic and disinfectant. A few drops on the wet tooth brush forms a most perfect dentifrice, securing health in the Teeth and Gums, and that exquisite comfort which attends purity of the mouth.

Per bottle, Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP AND CO., Limited.
ELPHINSTONE, CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

ROMFORD LIGHT BITTER BEER

(IND COOPE & Co.'s.)

Per dozen Qts.....Rs. 5 4 | Per case of 3 dozen Qts. .....Rs. 15 0
Per dozen Pts.....Rs. 4 4 | Per case of 6 dozen Pts. .....Rs. 24 0

Bottled specially for TREACHER & Co., Ld., who have been appointed Agents for the Bombay Presidency.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

HEART-LABELLED SPIRITS

TREACHER & Co. have the utmost confidence in recommending these choice Spirits; in purity, quality, and excellence they are unsurpassed by any in India.

	Cash. per doz. Rs. a.
TREACHER'S Superior Old HOLLANDS In case 15 flasks. A pure wholesome spirit.	30 0
TREACHER'S Old Plymouth GIN Dry and Pure, very palatable	21 0
TREACHER'S Dry Unsweetened GIN A perfectly pure spirit, very superior.	21 0
TREACHER'S Sweetened Old Tom GIN High quality and delicate flavour.	17 8
TREACHER'S Finest Old Jamaica RUM	24 0
TREACHER'S Old Irish WHISKY A fine matured spirit, soft and mellow.	24 0
TREACHER'S Invalid BRANDY Specially adapted for medical use.	61 0
TREACHER'S Fine Old Pale BRANDY Soft and delicate, much appreciated.	36 0
TREACHER'S Old Pale BRANDY A very choice and matured spirit.	32 0
TREACHER'S Pale BRANDY A sound and good peg Brandy.	28 0
TREACHER'S Glenlivet WHISKY A blend of the finest Original Highland Whiskies of a particularly delicate aroma and flavour.	22 8

TREACHER'S Special Liqueur GLENLIVET WHISKY, a Genuine Ripe Old Whisky, its rich flavour and aroma are due to age alone. Price per doz. Rs. 28.

TREACHER'S HIGHLAND MALT, distilled in the Highlands of Scotland. A fine unblended genuine spirit. Price per doz. Rs. 24.

WINE LIST ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

CHRISTMAS SEASON, 1887.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S

GENUINE WINES and SPIRITS may be ordered through every respectable Dealer, Hotel and Restaurant Keeper, &c., throughout India and the Colonies. The name

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

should appear on every Label, Cork, and Capsule.

Many Traders substitute other Brands, costing them less and showing more profit.

WINE PURVEYORS TO H. E. THE VICEROY OF INDIA.

GOLD MEDALLISTS. ESTABLISHED 1815.

J. NEUBERG.
5, MEADOWS-STREET.

I. CIGARS AND CHEROOTS—Havannahs, Manillas, Javas, Veveys, Trichinopolys, Pondicherries, Burmahs, Coconadas, and Dindiguls.
II. TOBACCOS—Cut and plug, fresh and sweet.
III. CIGARETTES—Own manufacture, mild, mellow, and full-flavored.
IV. CIGARETTES—Egyptian, by direct importation from Cairo.
V. AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD FURNITURE—Eminently adapted for Indian use.
VI. IRON ENAMELLED WARE—Blue lined, superior quality.
VII. PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS AND APPARATUS—The newest and most select stock in India.
VIII. GRAND SQUARE SYMPATHETIC PIANOS—By R. Lipp and Son, Stuttgart.
IX. TABLE LINEN, &c.—Imported direct from the manufactory in Europe.
X. COOKING AND WARMING STOVES—Complete with all accessories.

SPECIAL PRICE-LISTS OF ABOVE FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

THACKER & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (Limited) import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally ELLIOTT BROS. and W. F. STANLEY, for whom they are appointed Agents, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at a slightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.	Spare Instruments.	Stencil Plates.
Dumpy Levels.	Architects' Scales.	Field Books.
Levelling Staves.	Marquois Scales.	Level Books.
Prismatic Compasses.	Protractors (all kinds).	Note Books.
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Optical Squares.	Parallel Rulers (all kinds).	Indian Ink.
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Spirit Levels.	Measuring Chains.	Mounted Drawing Papers
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Pantographs.	Set Squares.	Tracing Cloth.
Cases of Instruments.	Straight Edges.	Tracing Paper
Pocket Sets.	Railway Curves	Sectional Paper
Half Sets.	French Curves.	Sundries.
	Drawing Boards.	Cartridge Papers.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water-colours.	Siberian Pencils.	Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Moist do. in pans.	Sable-hair Pencils.	Palette Knives.
Slow-drying do. in Tubes.	Hog-hair Tools for Oils.	Dippers, &c.
Oil-colours in Tubes.	Sable do.	Bristol Boards.
Dry Water-colour Boxes.	Varnishes, Oils, &c	Mounting Boards.
Moist do.	Drawing Papers.	Drawing Pencils.
Oil-colour Boxes.	Oil Sketching Paper.	Crayons.
Illuminating Colour Boxes.	Prepared Canvas.	Gold and Silver Shells.
Camel-hair Pencils.	Prepared Millboards.	Gold Leaf.
	Mahl Sticks.	

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS.
Cameras, Lenses, Dry Plates, Sensitized Paper, &c.

ILLUSTRATED PRICED LISTS ON APPLICATION.

THACKER & Co., LD., BOMBAY

AGENTS FOR { ELLIOTT BROS. / W. F. STANLEY. / T. H. STEWARD. } LONDON.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED

WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS, &c.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PRESENTATION GOLD WATCHES.

GOLD hunting keyless, ¾ plate clock watch, with minute repeater and chronograph, case richly enamelled, dark blue, and set with beautiful white diamonds ..... Rs. 3,700, 4,000, 6,000

Gold hunting keyless half chronometer minute repeater, with chronograph and minute recorder, gold ornamented blue dial, with white figures, interchangeable white dial and black figures, heavy gold cases, richly encrusted with faultless diamonds, on red or blue enamel, surrounded by a row of very fine white pearls, both back and front, a magnificent six pointed diamond star in the centre of the cover, and a beautifully hand-painted sporting medallion on the obverse ..... Rs. 4,000

In addition to the above, a variety of very grand gold watches for presentation, the massive gold cases artistically enamelled or set with gems, and combining in various ways every refinement of complicated mechanism, clock minute, repeater, calendar, chronograph, 8 day movement, &c. &c.

ENAMELLED MINIATURE MEDALLION PORTRAITS,

To be inserted in the domes of the above watches, exquisitely painted by our special artist from a good photograph with a careful memorandum of the coloring, cost from Rs. 150 to Rs. 350 extra.

OUR JUBILEE WATCH.

The portrait of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress, protected in this way, forms an appropriate and interesting heirloom in commemoration of the Jubilee of her reign. It is a little gem of art as well as a faithful and pleasing likeness, and we can fix it into the dome of any of the above watches, or any other of sufficient size.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED,

DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANTS,
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS,
IMPORTERS OF PIANOS, BICYCLES, &c.,
OPPOSITE THE CLOCK TOWER.

OUR INDIAN TEAS.

THE numerous Testimonials from our esteemed Customers and the increasing demand for our Teas, notwithstanding the large quantity of cheap "stuff" offered in Bombay, prove that our Teas are superior to all and have enjoyed the highest reputation for their purity and delicacy of aroma.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Tea supplied to the Officers' Mess, 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment, during the past 5 years by Messrs. Morton, Maju and Co., has invariably given satisfaction.
G. H. JOHNSTON, Captain,
Mess President, 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment.
Colaba, Bombay, 22nd August 1887.

H. C. Detachment Mess, Jalna, 23rd August 1887.
I have much pleasure in testifying to the fine quality of the Tea supplied by you to the Mess. It is much appreciated by us all.
F. J. DOYLE, Surgeon,
Secretary, Hyderabad Contingent Detachment Mess, Jalna.

Secunderabad, August 24th, 1887.
I have much pleasure in informing you that the Tea you have supplied for the Mess for the last 12 years has been universally approved of. It has always been of uniform first-rate quality.
C. W. W. BURTON, Lt., Mess Secy., 8th M. I.

British Residency, Persian Gulf, Bushire, 10th September 1887.
I have much pleasure in saying that the Teas you have been supplying me with for some years have been entirely to our satisfaction. The latest consignments especially have been of excellent quality and flavour.
E. C. ROSS, Colonel.

Satara, 30th August 1887.
I have pleasure in stating I prefer your Tea to all others.
ANDREW BARRY, M. D., F. R. C. S., Surgeon-Major.
Superintendent of Matheran.

Kamptee, 12th September 1887.
I take the opportunity of telling you how pleased we are with your Teas. They are quite the best I have tasted in India, and every one likes them immensely.
F. D. LUMLEY, Captain,
2nd Middlesex Regiment.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR COL. HAWES' TEAS,
22, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN BOMBAY. ESTABLISHED 1850

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.,
BOMBAY FOUNDRY AND IRON WORKS,
KHETWADY, BOMBAY,
ENGINEERS, IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS, &c.

ENTIRELY UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

MANUFACTURERS OF CAST AND WROUGHT IRON MATERIALS,

IRON ROOFS	CRANES	BEVEL AND ROPE GEARINGS
ROAD ROLLERS	CYLINDERS	
LAMP POSTS	GATES	ORNAMENTAL AND GENERAL CASTINGS
GIRDERS	RAILINGS	
BRIDGES	COLUMNS	

OUR Foundry, one of the largest in India, is complete with every appliance for all kinds of General, Loam and Heavy Castings up to 20-tons weight. It is under the direct supervision of a Practical European Superintendent. The Fitting Department, furnished with First-Class Machines for every description of High-Class Work, and the Smithy, are under our personal supervision. Orders entrusted to us will be promptly executed and efficiently discharged.

Machines, Tools, etc., imported through our Agents from the well-known English makers.

PLANS AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.

1887. 'XMAS 1887.

SPLENDID PRESENTS.

Albums	from Rs.	8	to Rs. 45	Purses	from Rs.	3	to Rs. 8	Barometers	from Rs. 15	to Rs. 25
Ladies' Bags	"	6	" 20	Card Trays	"	1	" 4	Blotting Books	" 5	" 20
Photo. Frames.	"	2	" 25	Writing Tables	"	15	" —	Card Cases	" 2	" 6
CarriageClocks	"	20	" 75	Fans	"	6	" 25	Writing Desks.	" 20	" 60
Dressing Bags and Cases	"	15	" 200	Glove & Handkerchief Boxes	"	18	" 25	Flower Vases, Ivory Hair	" 3	" 25
Scrap Books	"	5	" 15	Work Boxes	"	8	" 20	Brushes	" 40	" 60
Jewel Boxes	"	20	" 50	Toilet Cases	"	8	" 35	Toys Mechanical	" 8	" 30
Gladstone Bags	"	20	" 60	Cigarette Cases Silver	"	20	" 30	Musical Boxes.	" 50	" 200
Smelling Salt Bottles	"	6	" 30	Stereoscopes				Sets of Scissors	" 7	" 11
Photo. Screens.	"	9	" 20	with Views	"	135	" —	Perambulators.	" 20	" 75
Table Lamps	"	20	" 50	Opera Glasses	"	20	" 100	Office Requisites	" 1	" 35
Tourist Cases	"	5	" 35	Fancy Sweet Boxes	"	1	" 15			
Ash Trays	"	2	" 6							

GOLD JEWELLERY, SILVER JEWELLERY, ELECTROPLATED WARE

BOLTON AND COMPANY,

IMPORTERS OF EVERY REQUISITES.

KEMP'S
ALTERATIVE CONDITION POWDERS FOR HORSES.

FOR improving the tone of the system and Purifying the Blood, thus quickly producing FINE CONDITION, a GLOSSY COAT, HEALTH, and STRENGTH.

Per Bottle, Rs. 1-8.

KEMP'S
STRENGTHENING IRON POWDERS FOR HORSES.

ESPECIALLY beneficial after the S. W. Monsoon, and are a preventive against Fever, which at present is so prevalent amongst Horses in the Bombay Presidency.

Per Bottle, Rs. 2-8.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & Co., Limited
BOMBAY

RHEUMATIKON.

A CERTAIN AND NEVER FAILING SPECIFIC
For the Cure of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Throats, Cold at the Chest, Sprains, Contusions, etc.
Per Bottle, Re. 1.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP AND CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

KHUNDALA HOTEL.

A NEW HOTEL OPENED since 1st October by the PROPRIETORS of the EGUTPOORI HOTEL, in a large, commodious and comfortable Bungalow, situated on an elevated site and commanding a charming view all round. Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS.
Khundala, 8th Sept, 1887.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMING BY THE SPECIALLY CHARTERED B. I. s.s. "CANARA," WHICH LEFT COLOMBO ON DECEMBER 7.

CHIARINI'S GRAND CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

RETURN AFTER SEVEN YEARS' ABSENCE TO BOMBAY.

WILL EXHIBIT ON THE

ESPLANADE,

JUNCTION OF HORNBY AND CRUICKSHANK ROADS.

Entrance on Cruickshank Road.

COMMENCING ON OR ABOUT WEDNESDAY, DEC. 14.

UNDER BRAND NEW MAMMOTH PAVILIONS, made in New York City, of enormous size, to canopy the manifold attractions of this the most gigantic and most tremendous Show ever brought to Asia; requiring an area of 60,000 SQUARE FEET OF GROUND ON WHICH TO EXHIBIT.

PERFECT AND BRILLIANT ILLUMINATION.

Performances will be given EVERY EVENING. Doors open at 8, commencing at 9.

Afternoon Performances on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Doors open at 2-30 p.m., commencing at 3-30 p.m.

☞ This is the LARGEST and best SHOW ever brought to India.

THE ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS

Has an established reputation of being one of the very best that travels, and will present many NOVEL, PLEASING AND SENSATIONAL ACTS, AND SIGNOR CHIARINI'S GRANDLY TRAINED HORSES OF ROYAL WORTH.

And also includes this time a Troupe of JAPANESE FROM THE MIKADO'S OWN ROYAL THEATRE.

THE MENAGERIE

CONTAINS A COSTLY COLLECTION OF

Noble Specimens of the Animal Kingdom. Ponderous Den of Royal African Lions, exhibited by the Lion King, who enters the Den. Ponderous Den of Royal Bengal Tigers, exhibited by the noted Tiger Hunter from India, Mr. James Frame, who enters the Den. Living Emus, Birds of colossal size from Australia. Living Educated Performing Ceylon Elephants, Zebus, or the Sacred Cattle from India. School of Educated Dogs. Jockey-Riding Monkeys. Living man-eating Crocodiles from the River Nile, Egypt.

MIGHTY YEZO BEARS.

Recently of the Zoological Gardens of Tokio, the Capital of the Empire, which were presented to Signor Chiarini by His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Japan. One of the Bears is the largest ever in captivity. 2,000 And weighs over 2,000 lbs. (English weight,) 2,000.

CHIARINI'S CELEBRATED CIRCUS BAND will give a Grand Free Out-door Concert for one hour at the Band-Stand in front of the Entrance to the vast Pavilions, before each performance commences.

Prices of Admission will be duly announced.

FRANK G. WILSON, Advance Agent,

DECOY DUCKS.

SPLENDID IMITATIONS.

Each, Rs. 15.

PORTABLE CAMP BATHS,—CAMP BASINS, BEDS, &c.

PHILLIPS & Co., Ld.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

SHIPPERS and CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Mail-Steamer "Manilla," Captain A. Crucilani are hereby informed of her arrival from GENOA, on the 10th instant, and that she is discharging and loading in the Prince's Dock.

All Claims for short delivery, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the steamer, otherwise they will not be admitted under any circumstances.

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

RUPEES 40.

STERLING SILVER CIGARETTES BOX, WITH

Sterling Silver Match Box of Cheroot Shape.

RUPEES 40.

STERLING SILVER SALT AND PEPPER CELLARDS.

RUPEES 20.

STERLING SILVER SOVEREIGN BOXES

To hold ½ Sovereigns with Scales.

RUPEES 25.

STERLING SILVER SCENT BOTTLE TO Hold Five Sovereigns only.

RUPEES 20.

STERLING SILVER PURSE, REGISTERED.

SILVER PENCIL CASES WITH RING TO ATTACH,

of various kinds at Rupees 10 each.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,

37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ADJOURNED SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the CORPORATION, will be held here on MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 3 p.m.,

By order of the Chairman,

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secy. Town Council, Bombay. Municipal Offices, 10, Dec. 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that VENAYEK PANDOORANG has contracted to sell to THUCKER YEEKJEE RAVJEE All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, dwelling house out-houses and chawls or ranges of buildings, standing thereon, situate at Girgaum or Breach Candy Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the District and Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1252 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on or towards the North by the Public Passage leading to the Keliwady Lane, on or towards the South by the Property of Pandoorang Raghoba on or towards the East by the Girgaum or Breach Candy, Road aforesaid, and on or towards the West by the Property of Sudanand Balcrishna, and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 107 and 108, and Street Nos. 536-38 and (1) and are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue for Pension and Tax under old No. 439, new No. 2175, old Survey No. 123 and new Survey No. 8069, and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Venayek Pandoorang and his tenants. All persons claiming any interest in the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance gift, mortgage sale, or otherwise are hereby required within 14 days from the date hereof to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their offices No. 19, Esplanade Road, Fort, otherwise the Purchase will be completed without reference to such claims, if any.—Dated this 9th day of December 1887.

CRAWFORD AND BUCKLAND,
Solicitors.

CHOICE CHRISTMAS PRESENTS FOR GENTLEMEN IN PRIME CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

WE very confidentially recommend our Arrivals of TRICHINOPOLY and JAVA Cigars and Cheroots, expressly prepared for us by European Houses from the very finest Tobaccos grown, and no more agreeable Presents to Gentlemen could be made at this Season.

	Rs.	a.
SUMATRA.—A Splendid Havannah-shaped Cigar, made from the finest Calicut Tobacco, with a proportion of real Cuba and Sumatra leaf, in such quantity that the mildness of the latter kinds is combined with the fragrant aroma of the former per box of 100	4	0
JAVA.—ALBERT No. 1, and extremely choice brand, very highly recommended for burning uniformly, with the flavour and bouquet of the real Havannah, and leaving a beautifully white ash; in first-rate condition per box of 100	3	0
JAVA.—ALBERT No. 2, a smaller but just as choice a Cigar as the above per box of 100	2	12
LUNKAH.—A very fine long Cheroot, with full flavour per box of 100	2	8
HAVANNAH.—BISMARCK I. A fine selected Cigar, very well made, with rich flavour per box of 100	2	4
HAVANNAH.—Bismarck II. A choice Smoke, rather thicker than Bismarck I., well recommended per box of 100	2	0
HAVANNAH.—Wasps I. Similar Cigars to the highly popular and renowned variety known as "Bachives" per box of 100	2	0
HAVANNAH.—Wasps II. as Wasps No. I., but smaller; both the above sorts are unequalled as to quality per box of 100	1	12
MANILLA.—Small; a Cheroot much approved per box of 100	1	8
MANILLA.—Large per box of 100	1	8

COOPER, MADON & CO., LD.,
CIGAR MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

(OPPOSITE VICTORIA TERMINUS.)

NORVILLE'S OPERA BOUFFE, BURLESQUE AND COMEDY COMPANY

Proprietress & Directress ..... MRS. GEO. NORVILLE.

GRAND SUCCESS,

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, 12TH DEC. 1887.

Toole's Great Success: a New and Original Dramatic COMEDY, in 3 Acts, entitled,

"THE BUTLER"

BY

MR. & MRS. HERMAN MERIVALE.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Box to hold 1	Rs. 12	Dress Circle	Rs. 3
Orchestra Stalls	Rs. 4	Pit Stalls	Rs. 2
Dress Circle, Front Row	Rs. 4	Upper Circle	Re. 1
Back Seats	Annas 8.		

Box Plan now open at Messrs. Soundy & Co., Ld.

Doors open at 8-30 p. m. Overture at 9 p. m.

MINNESINGERS.

A SMOKING CONCERT will be given in the GYMKHANA PAVILION, Fort, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 14th instant, commencing at 9-30 p. m. Members of the Society can obtain free admission. Tickets for themselves and also tickets for their guests, price ONE RUPEE each, on application to the HONORARY SECRETARY.

G. W. ROUGHTON,
70, Tamarind Lane.

TENDERS are invited for the LOAN of RUPEES TEN THOUSANDS for the Water Works' Panwel, at the rate of 6 or less than 6 per cent., per annum, on the security of the Municipal Revenue. For other particulars see application published in the *Government Gazette*, dated 3rd November 1887, Pages 1834-35.

Tenders will be received by the Undersigned on or before the 10th January, 1888.

AARON SAMSON,
Chairman.
Municipality Panwel.

Panwel, 1st December 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL AUCTION SALE of MYRABOLANS (Hirda Nuts) will be held by the Divisional Forest Officer, Satara, at Satara, on the 6th January 1888, commencing at noon.

Particulars can be learnt on application to the Undersigned.

The HIRDAS are on view at the Depot, and can be seen by applying to the Range Forest Officers.

C. GREATHEED,
Deputy Conservator of Foress, Satara.

Camp Surat, 7th December, 1887.

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 156, ACT VI. OF 1882.

In the District Court of Simla, in the Punjab,

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT AND THE SIMLA BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having Claims against the SIMLA BANK CORPORATION, in Liquidation, are required to prove the same to the Official Liquidators at Simla, on or before the 29th day of February, 1888, failing which they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution of Assets made before such Claims are proved.

A. CHISHOLM,
C. L. ESTON,
Offil. Liquidators, Simla Bank.

Countersigned.
E. W. PARKER, Judge.

NOTICE is hereby given that CASSAM MAHOMED MITHA has contracted TO SELL to SANKWADI JENARAYEN KANYALAL, the undermentioned property. All persons having any Claim to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their office, No. 23, Ta apart Row, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived and the sale will be completed without any regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Picket Road, Kalbadevi, in the Registration containing by admeasurement 170 6-9 square yards or thereabout and registered in the books of the Collector, of Land Revenue under Old No. 182, New No. 1078, Old Survey No. 9-1190 New survey No. 1482, and by the Collector of Assessment under ward No. 911, and Street Nos. 4-5, and bounded on the East by the property of Ramjee Sobedar, on the west by the property of Kharva Bhanu, on the North partly by the property of Vasudev Morobs, and partly by the property of Luxmon Pandurang, and on the South by the public passage.—Dated this 8th day of December, 1887.

THAKURDAS DHARAMSI AND CAMA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, the 12th day of December, 1887, at 5-30 p.m., at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 12, Hummam Steet Fort, to confirm the following Special Resolution, passed on the 21st of November 1887, viz:—

"That clause V. of the Memorandum and Article III. of the Articles of Association of the Company be deleted, and that the following be substituted in their place, viz:—that the Capital of the Company is Rs. 12 LACHS, divided into 800 shares of Rs. 1000 each, and 800 Half-shares of Rs. 500 each, subject to be increased or modified and to be consolidated into Shares of larger amount, or to be divided into Shares of smaller amount, in accordance with the Regulations of the Company and the legislative provisions for the time being in force in that behalf."

And to pass the following Resolution, viz:—

That the 800 Half-shares of Rs. 500 each into which portion of the Original Capital is now divided by subdivision of existing Shares shall be under the control of the Director, who may allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such Persons on such terms and conditions and at such times as they may think fit."

Immediately after confirming and passing the above Resolutions respectively, another EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held on the same date and at the same place to consider and, if approved, to pass the following Special Resolutions viz:—

1 "That in Article 71 of the Company's Articles of Association the words 'an' entitled to Vote' be added after the words 'personally present' in lines 1st and 4th of the said Article."

2 "That Article 79 of the Company's Articles of Association be deleted and the following be substituted in its place, viz., every Shareholder who has been duly registered in the Register Book of the Company for 14 days previous to any General Meeting thereof, and who is not disqualified by any of the Clauses of these Articles shall be entitled to Vote as follows. He shall have one Vote for every Share registered in his name up to 100. He shall have an additional Vote for every Five Shares beyond the first hundred up to two hundred, an additional Vote for every 10 Shares beyond the first two hundred up to three hundred, and an additional Vote for every Twenty Shares beyond the first three hundred Shares held by him.

The word "Shareholder" in this Clause means the Holder of One Whole Share or of Two Half-shares in the Company, and the word "Share" means One Whole Share or Two Half-shares in the Capital of the Company."

By order of the Board of Directors.

DAMODHUR THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & Co.
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

Bombay, 25 November 1887.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

BROKEN CASTINGS.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to One P. M., Gunfire, on MON DAY, the 19th instant.

Offers for the purchase of BROKEN CAST-IRON CHAIRS and BROKEN CAST-IRON POT SLEEPERS in quantities up to an aggregate of 500 tons of each for delivery during the ensuing 3 months.

Cash before delivery.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made on the Company's Form and accompanied separately by a Deposit of Rs. 10 per ton, up to a Maximum of Rs. 500.

The material is lying at Wari Bunder, Mazagon, and can be viewed on application to the Acting Wharf Superintendent, and forms of Tender obtained from the Undersigned.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

ALFRED KING.,
Storekeeper,

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 2nd December 1887.

TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

WHITWORTH'S ANGLO-INDIAN DICTIONARY:—A glossary of colloquial and official terms; of the names of divinities, festivals, religions, and sects; of races, tribes, and languages; of castes and occupations; of the different areas and systems of chronology; of seasons, crops, and land tenures; and generally of all Indian terms used in English, and of English words peculiarly used in India.

Bombay, THACKER & Co. Ld., Apart Row.

Price Rs. 9. Cash Rs. 8-4. Postage annas 6.

"Well designed, well printed, and handy."
Saturday Review.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY WANTED.—Salary Rs. 500 per mensem, rising by annual increments (for fully approved service) of Rs. 50 per mensem to a maximum of Rs. 700 per mensem. Applications, with COPY of testimonials, to be sent to

G. MANSON, Secretary.

7th December 1887.

BERIGNY & Co., CALCUTTA.

NO. 18—VETERINERY CHEST. A great big oak case adapted to Dr. Moore's Veterinary Homœopathy for the treatment of Beasts, and containing all the medicines required, that is seventy-two pound and ounce bottles of Tinctures, nine half-ounce bottles of Triturations, a Graduated Drenching Glass, a pair of Scales and Weights, Scissors, Lint, Guttapercha, and all other requisites—suitable for gentlemen owners of horses, horse dealers, stable keepers, veterinary surgeons, particularly Mofussil Residents. Price Rs. 115.

BERIGNY & Co.

NOTICE.

THE attention of Chemists and Managers of Dispensaries in Bombay is DRAWN to RULES 4, 6 and 37 of the Rules under the Opium Act, 1878, published at pages 704 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, of 4th June, 1885, Part I.

The word "Opium" as used in these rules includes also Preparations or Admixtures of Opium and Intoxicating Drugs prepared from the Poppy.

It is illegal to possess more than ten tolas of any description of Opium without a License from the Collector. It is also illegal to retail Opium (which includes selling in medical preparations) without a License.

Persons who ought to have taken out Licenses but have omitted to do so are hereby warned that after the 2nd of January next the Opium Act and the Rules under it will be strictly enforced against them.

J. Mc. L. CAMPBELL,
Collector of Land Revenue,
Customs and Opium, Bombay.

Customs House, Bombay, 7th December, 1887.

COUPER AND TOSH,

ENGINEERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

MANUFACTURERS of Builders' and Contractors' Iron Work, Ornamental Castings from the finest designs.

CASTINGS CLEAN AND SHARP.

Designs and Estimates furnished on receipt of full particulars.

IRON WORK. RAILINGS.
GIRDERS. COLUMNS.

ROAD ROLLERS, SPUR AND BEVIL GEAR
LAMP POSTS, ROPE PULLEY GEAR,
And General Castings of all kinds.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA FOR

Marshall and Thunder's Automatic Metallic Spring Packing for Piston Rods, Valve Spindles, &c.

PERFECT ELASTICITY, PERFECT SAFETY.

GREAT DURABILITY, GREAT ECONOMY.

THE PATENT SLIP ENGINE WORKS,

MAZAGON, BOMBAY.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS,

SHIP AND MILL-WRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of the Buildings for Cotton Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Castings Road Rollers, &c. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter. Cutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have lately added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, and greatly extended our Foundry.

We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.

Sole Agents for Messrs. Leonard & Ellis' Celebrated Valvoline Oils for Cylinders.

Downie's "Eucalyptus," Boiler Fluid, for preventing and removing Scale in Boilers.

Messrs. Wormald & Co.'s Fibrous Non-conducting Composition for covering Steam Boilers and Pipes.

The Climax Motor, &c.

Also Plate, Bar, and Angle Iron of the largest sections. Diamond, Silver and other Steel and Engineer's Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.

For Sale—Cochrane's Boilers, Shank's Engines and Pumps.

WORKS AND OFFICE, MAZAGON.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & HEPWORTH,

SECRETARIES AND MANAGERS.

1887!! CHRISTMAS 1887!!

HAMILTON & CO.,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

BIRTHDAY AND COMPLIMENTARY PRESENTS.

HAMILTON & CO. have the honour to announce that their importations for the Present Season's Christmas Trade are now open and displayed in their Show-room. The great depression in every branch of manufacture, which has of late obtained in London, Paris, and Vienna, has checked purchases in Europe, and, in consequence, their London Partners have been able to buy for cash, at unprecedented low prices, a varied and extensive collection of elegant and useful articles, suitable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS and NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

HAMILTON & CO.,

IN ORDINARY TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

SUPERIOR FELT HATS FOR EVENING WEAR.

THORPE AND CO.

HAVE the pleasure of informing their Local and Mofussil constituents of the arrival of their Felt Hats made Specially to their order, the Newest and most Approved Shapes. Extra light, and grease proof head Linings.

Black Stiff Felt, Low Round Crown		
Black Stiff Felt, Medium Round Crown		
Black Stiff Square, High Crown, a Special Hat for tall Gentlemen		Each Rs. 9-8 Cash.
Drab Square Crown do. do.		
Drab Stiff Felt, Low Round Crown...		
Drab Stiff Felt, Medium Round Crown and Square		
Brown Round Crown, all Shades		

DRESS HATS.

Best Silk Plush, Extra Quality	15	8	
Tall Drab, Fine Beaver Felt	10	8	
Best Black Opera Hats (Self-closing)	11	8	

TWEED HATS AND CAPS.

Tweed Hats, a Large Choice...	5	0	
Tweed Caps, Cricketing Shape one Peak	3	8	
Tweed Caps Double Peaks	4	0	
Tweed Caps Double Peaks, and Ear Flaps	4	0	
Gent's Drab Terai Hats, Best Quality...	14	8	
Ladies' Drab do. do.	14	8	

THORPE AND CO.,

SHIRT-MAKERS, MILITARY TAILORS, AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,

Opposite Municipal Offices.

TOM SAYERS.....PROPRIETOR.

ENTIRELY UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT

THE ONLY HOTEL WITH A FRENCH COOK IN BOMBAY.

SPECIAL RATES FOR BOARDING WITHOUT LODGING.

Breakfast 9 to 11, Tiffin 1 to 3, Dinner 7-30 to 8-30, After which cold Suppers can be supplied

Tiffins and Dinners can be arranged for any number of due notice is given.

A NINE DAYS' MISSION,

WILL BE PREACHED BY THE REV. FATHER BLACK,

AT

S. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

SUNDAYS.

Holy Communion and Mission Sermon ..... 7-30 a. m.
Evensong, Mission Sermon and Instruction ..... 6 p. m.

WEEKDAYS.

Mission Address ..... 7 a. m.
Mission Sermon and Instruction ..... 8-30 p. m.

SUBJECTS OF THE EVENING SERMONS.

Saturday, December	10,	THE KINDNESS OF GOD.
Sunday, "	11,	THE SOUL AWAKENED.
Monday, "	12,	THE PENITENT.
Tuesday, "	13,	THE DEAD SOUL.
Wednesday, "	14,	DEATH.
Thursday, "	15,	JUDGMENT.
Friday, "	16,	THE ACKNOWLEDGMENT.
Saturday, "	17,	THE REFUSAL.
Sunday, "	18,	CONFESSION.
Monday "	19,	PERSEVERANCE.

The Missioner will be glad to see persons who wish for further instruction or advice, if they will make an appointment with him by letter, or he may be spoken with after any of the services, or between the hours of 12 noon and 1 p. m. or 4 and 6 p. m. in the Church daily throughout.

HOW TO MAKE THE MOST OF THE MISSION.

Come regularly to one or both sets of Services.
Induce others to do the same and pray for them.
Pray every night that what you hear may be blessed to your Soul.
If in darkness or difficulty, after prayer, ask advice.
Do not despair of getting good, even if it comes slowly.
The last large tram leaves Mazagon (Wari Bunder) at 10-10 p. m. Trams from Byculla up to p. m.

R. L. PAGE.

THE steamer "ASCALON," 1,523 tons nett register, stranded fourteen miles North-West of Galle, will be sold as she lies BY PUBLIC AUCTION on the 17th of December.

FINLAY MUIR & Co.,
Lloyd's Agents.

24th November, 1887.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

BRIDGE PLANT, &c., FOR SALE.

THE boring apparatus used in sinking the caissons of the Hooghly (Jubilee) Bridge, diving apparatus, buoys, anchors, chains, and other mooring tackle, self-propelling heave-up boat, Appold's centrifugal and Tangye's pumps, donkey-pumps, 3 to 7 H. P. pumping engines, iron punts, timber travelling gantry to lift 12 tons over-head, travelling crab to lift 12½ tons, steam and hand winches, vertical and 25-H. P. portable boilers, 20-H. P. semi-portable engines, teak-wood boats, dredgers, hydraulic jacks 20 and 100 tons, screw-jacks, jetty crane with steam winch to lift 10 tons, jetty with boat and girder gangway, steam pile-driver, small steam hammers, Oregon and other spars and poles, rail-trusses each 74 feet long, semi-circular angle-iron trusses each 282 feet over all, split-driving pulleys, concrete-boxes, screw-cutting lathes, drilling-machines, saw-bench, iron tanks each of 4,000 gallons capacity, smith's hearths, blocks, bolts and nuts, ¾ and 1 inch plain and stud chain, cold-sets, cup-sets, hot-sets, and side-sets, dollies, flat-irons, caulking-tools, and riveting hammers, drift pins, rymers, swages, tongs, and other tools, small riveted and rolled girders, iron piping, pulleys, steel and iron rivets and washers, wire rope and rope stoppers, angle, flat round, square, and plate iron, &c., &c.

Also two sets of timber-preserving apparatus, more or less incomplete, comprising horizontal engines, boilers, and other fittings.

For further particulars apply to CONTROLLER of STORES, East Indian Railway, Calcutta.

D. W. CAMPBELL,
Agent.

Calcutta, November 23, 1887.

SOUTHERN MAHARATTA RAILWAY COMPANY

THE Chief Engineer and Acting Agent is prepared to receive tenders for the Purchase of the undermentioned Machinery:—

One Horizontal Stationary Engine (single cylinder) 12 Horse, by C. D. Young and Co. In good order.

One Cornish Boiler, single flue, adapted for burning coal or wood tested up to 80lbs. per square inch, on 9th February 1881, since which date it has been used only for one week. Working pressure 40 lbs. per square inch.

2. One Ten-ton Stationary Crane, bed plate broken, otherwise in good order.

3. One Steam Road Roller, by Aveling and Porter, Rochester, 1877, 20 cwt. 2 large Rollers, each 5 ft 6 in by 1 ft 8 in. and 2 small Rollers each 4 ft 8 in by 1 ft 9 in. Engine (10 Horse, single cylinder) is separated from Roller and has been used for some years for driving machinery. Rollers and frame require putting together.

4. One-bar Rolling Machine, of an obsolete pattern, disconnected and incomplete.

5. One Blast Fan, diameter of fan 4 feet, size of wings 14 by 9, second-hand.

6. The above Machinery can be seen by intending purchasers at the Mysore State Railway Locomotive Workshops, Bangalore, on any day during working hours.

Tenders should reach the Agent's Office, Dharwar, not later than 2nd January 1888.

J. G. LINDSAY, Col., R.E.,
Chief Engr. & Actg. Agent.

Dharwar, 24 Nov. 1887.

HIS HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAYS COMPANY, Limited.

STATIONERY.

TENDERS are invited for the Supply of STATIONERY for Six Months, say, January to June 1888.

Forms of Tenders, Schedule A. and B., can be had on application to this Office where samples of Shedule A. also can be seen. Each Schedule can be tendered for separately.

Tenders to be submitted on the prescribed Forms and superscribed "Tenders for Stationery" by 1-0 p.m. gunfire) on the 13th December 1887.

Delivery to be given free on trucks at Wari Bunder, Bombay.

The successful Tenderer will be required to deposit 5 per cent. on the total estimated amount of the Contract as security for the due fulfilment of the same.

The Agent and Chief Engineer of the Railway does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

H. C. BURDER,
Bombay Agent,
H. H. The Nizam's Guaranteed State Rys., Co., Ld.
Treacher's Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 9th December, 1887.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

High Court O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 229 of 1887.

Hajee Sultan Alli Sustri .....Plaintiff.
Hajee Alli Sherazi .....Defendant.

Whereas by Sheriff's Proclamation, dated 2nd September, 1887, published in the *Indu Prakash*, *Bombay Gazette* and *Jam-e-Jamshed*, on the 19th and 21st idem, respectively, it was notified that the Property therein described would on the 21st idem, be put up for sale.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on the 27th December, 1887, at 2 p.m., the Property described in the said Proclamation, will be put up for sale at the rooms of Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. Auctioneers, No. 4 Forbes Street, Fort.

Each lot to be paid for at the time of sale.

Further particulars, &c., to be had at the Sheriff's Office.—Dated this 10th day of December, 1887.

DINSHAW MANOOKJEE PETIT,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. PAYNE, GILBERT & SAYANI,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

SALE OF BUNGALOW No. 22, AT MIDDLE COLABA, OPPOSITE THE PARSEE SANITARIUM.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., will sell for removal by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Messrs. Framjee Eduljee and Pestonjee Framjee, Trustees for Sett Eduljee Rustomjee Soonawalla, deceased, the materials of Bungalow No. 22, at Middle Colaba.

AUCTION SALE OF THE NARAYEN COTTON MILLS AT CHOWPATI.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of December, 1887, at 3 p.m. Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co., Auctioneers, will, by order of Messrs. Khimjee Jeram, Narayenji Govindjee, Bhimjee Govindjee, Morarjee Valabhjee and Muljee Kalianjee, the Mortgagees, put up for sale by Public Auction in one lot at the Mill premises, at Chowpati, outside the Fort, Bombay, the following valuable leasehold and other property of the Narayen Cotton Mills, Ld., in liquidation.

All that piece or parcel of land or part situate at Chowpati, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, and entered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 216, and containing 5442 square yards, be the same little more or less being a portion of the part formerly containing 5990 square yards, but of which part has been taken up by the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company, and the Municipality, respectively, and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Hari Keshavji deceased, on or towards the South by the Chowpati Road, on or towards the West by the property of Yadavjee Krishnjee, and Hari Keshavjee, and on or towards the East by the properties formerly of Nacoda Rogay, Hassan Bibi, Pandurang Tadaji, Ramji Dadaji, Manakjee Bhimjee, and Adumalli Sultanalli and now belonging some to the said Nacoda Rogay, Hassan Bibi, Pandurang Tadaji, Manakji Bhimjee, Adumalli Sultanalli and part to the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company, and part to Government, which said land and premises were assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes formerly under No 319 and now are under Nos. and were formerly occupied by the Shantaram Narayen, and are now occupied by the Narayen Cotton Mills, Limited, formerly known under the name and style of the Girgaum or Arkwright Mills together with the buildings, godowns and outhouses standing thereon and the engines, boilers, machinery, plant and tools the property of the said Company.

The above property is held under a lease, dated the 11th day of January 1861, for a term of 99 years which commenced to run on the 1st day of February, 1861. The lease contains a covenant making it renewable for ever. The property is subject to a monthly rent of Rs. 80.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned or to Messrs. Mansukhlal and Damodar, Solicitors, to the Mortgagees.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, Dec. 13, 1887.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

BONA FIDE SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Messrs. Street, Fort, behind the Oriental Bank, the Surplus Stock-in-trade of the late Theodor Kaunt, consisting of single and double wick, table hanging and wall lamps of various kinds, large and small size cooking stoves, enamelled ware of different sorts, toilet sets, flower vases, enamelled ware, six lights billiard lamps, and bronzes.

Also large size glass doors, cupboards, show cases, shelves, &c., &c.

The property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN SUTHAR CHAWL.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th inst. at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, in their rooms by order of the mortgagee, Withaldass Narotamdass, and on account and risk of the mortgagor, Gungadass Narotamdass, under the power of sale given in an Indenture of mortgage, dated 10th February, 1883, and mortgage transfer, dated 22nd February 1883, the following valuable landed property:—

All the undivided fourth share in all that piece or parcel of ground or land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situated being in Suthar Chawl in the registration sub-district of Mandvie, admeasuring 12,379 square yards or thereabouts and is assessed in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No.—and assessment No. 35, and is bounded as follows.—On or towards the East by the property of Valabhdass Damoday, towards the West by the property of Gokuldass Tejpal, towards the South by the property of Juma Musjid and towards the North by a Public Road, known as Suthar Chawl or Gumashwady, and which said Property is in the occupation of the tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned or Messrs. Jefferson, Bhaishunkar and Dinsnaw, Solicitors, Albert Building.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mount Nepean Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved French-polished household furniture, best plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, first-rate pictures and photographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, &c., &c., the property of E. DANGERFIELD, Esq.

A collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots.

Catalogues are published and the property is now on view.

The property of another gentleman—

1 handsome strong dog-cart suitable for a galloway or pony.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUNGALOW WITH OUT HOUSES AT MAZAGON.

On THURSDAY, the 15th December next, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on account of the concerned, the following very valuable landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the two bungalows standing thereon, situate at Mazagon, in the Registration sub-district of Mandvie, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 8,722 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Nos. and 2, and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by a road leading to Wari-Bunder, on or towards the West by Mazagon Road, on or towards the North by Agiary or Parsee Fire Temple, and on or towards the South by the property of Nansey Kheraj, known as Hamilten Hotel, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of Mr. J. C. D. Aguiar, and are now in the occupation of Mr. Ardaseer Nusserwanjee Mody, and Mrs. Viers.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable vacant piece of land at Delisle Road, suitable for building purposes.

On MONDAY, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m. Messrs. BENETT and Co. will sell, by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the owner, the following very valuable piece of vacant land:—

All that piece or parcel of vacant land of ground, situate at Delisle Road containing by admeasurement (11,129) eleven thousand one hundred and twenty-nine square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Ramjee Bellabee and Wittoba Ballajee on or towards the North by the property of R. DeSouza and B. DeSouza, on or towards the South by the Government vacant ground.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, December 12, 1887.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co will sell by

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Indian Manufacturing Company, 3-30 p.m.
Indian Flour Mill and Manufacturing Company, 4 p.m.
Fancy Bazar, Town Hall, 3 to 8 p.m.
Divine Service, St. Peters, 8-30 p.m.
Band, B. V. R. Corps, Esplanade Bandstand, 5-30 p.m.
Dinner in honor of Lord an Lady Reay, this evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 9th:—Lowther Castle (s), from Cardiff; and Manilla (s), Genoa. On the 10th:—Carlton Tower (s), from Moulmein. Yesterday:—Hamed Edroos (brig), from Negapatam.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 10th:—Rosshire (s), for Point de Galle; Lawada (s), Galle; and Peshawer (s), China. Yesterday:—Gem (s), for Dunkirk.

MR. DENNING'S POEMS.—Mr. Denning's new volume of poems is dedicated by permission to H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 12th December 1887, the charges on Foreign Money Orders and British Postal Orders will be regulated by Schedule 30, *viz.*, 1s. 4½d. per Rupee.

LOSS OF GOVERNMENT PROMISSORY NOTES.—Mr. Framjee Ardaseer Mistry, living at Mahim, reported to the Police having dropped from his waistcoat pocket, on Friday, somewhere in the Fort, three Government Promissory notes for Rs. 1,000 each.

REFORMATORY BOYS ABSCONDED.—Sydoo Hashana and Ramchunder Ramkrisnna, both aged 12 years, boys of the David Sassoon Reformatory, absconded on Friday morning last by climbing over the wall of the institution. A search is being made by the Police for the lads.

DINNER IN HONOUR OF LORD AND LADY REAY.—The Maharaja of Bhownuggur gives this evening an evening party in honour of Lord and Lady Reay. We learn that all the most prominent citizens of Bombay, and a large number of the fair sex of all nationalities have been invited.

REPORTED THEFT.—Mohunjee Waljee, living at Musjid Bunder Road, reported to the Police that during his absence from home, on Friday evening, his room was entered by some person, his cupboard forced open and gold and silver ornaments and silk wearing apparel, of the collective value of Rs. 461, stolen therefrom.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the B. V. R. Corps, at the Esplanade Bandstand this evening, commencing at 5-30 p.m.:—

Overture	Hungarian	Keler Bela.
Valse	Surles Flots Bleus	Fahrbach.
Aria	Lucia de Lammermoor	Donizetti.
Mazurka	E in Leibesdus	Faust.
Quadrille	Olympia	W. Williams.
Galop	Carillon	Leutner.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—The following are the winning numbers for the month of Nov. 1887:—

		Rs. 100 Prizes.	Ans.	Nos.
Yellow Line,	Up		1½	173711
Green Line,	Down		2	15230
		Rs. 10 Prizes.		
Yellow Line,	Down		2	169256
Red Line,	Up		1½	083361
Yellow Line,	Up		"	173593
"	Down		"	248023
Green Line,	Down		1	A 199386
Yellow Line,	Down		"	A 216730
"	Down		"	A 217306
Special Line,	Down		"	A 397871
Red Line,	Up		"	319171
Blue Line,	Down		"	011755
Lavender Line,	Up		"	629963
Lavender Line,	Down		"	688262
Red Line,	Down		¼	098106
Green Line,	Up		"	026762
Green Line,	Down		"	148301

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—At the Fort Police Court, on Saturday, Mr. K. M. Shroff, secretary to the S. P. C. A., prosecuted several bullock drivers before Mr. Crawley-Boevey for torturing their animals. Mr. Shroff had noticed the bullocks attached to a Municipal roller were quite emaciated and seemed hardly able to drag the roller. He pointed out to the Magistrate that the men received about 11 annas a day for this labour. In defence the men said that the bullocks belonged to a contractor. The Magistrate was of opinion that the contractor was the person who was most to blame in the matter and adjourned the case for him to be placed before the Court.—Mr. Shroff also prosecuted a milkman for feeding his cow on stable refuse. The man had been doing so in front of the court building, and a sepoy, to whom Mr. Shroff brought the accused, refused to interfere or even to take the man in charge. The Magistrate was of opinion that the practice was decidedly reprehensible, but thought that as the Municipal Act contained a section which contemplated such an offence the matter was one for the Health Department with whom he desired Mr. Shroff would communicate, and the case would thus be brought before him in the usual way. At present he warned and discharged the accused.

EXECUTION AT POONA.—The Goanese lad Joao Paolo, who, on the 8th of October last, murdered a boy of his own community named Joaquim Fernandes, a boy of 11 years of age, by cutting his throat with a butcher's knife, on the steps of the Walekar's ghaut on the river, within the limits of the village of Bhamburda, in the Haveli Taluka, was executed on Friday at sunrise, at the Yerrowda Central Jail.—*Deccan Herald.*

FOUND DROWNED.—We regret to learn that the body of Shrimant Balla Saheb Muttalik, a First Class Sardar of the Deccan, was found in a well in the deceased's own Wada, in Sudasev Peth, on Wednesday afternoon. The deceased gentleman had been missing since 10 p.m., the previous night.—*Ibid.*

HIGH COURT.—DEC. 9.

(Before the Acting CHIEF JUSTICE and Mr. JUSTICE SCOTT.

ANANDNATH MAHARAJ *vs.* ATMARAM KANOBA.

THIS was an appeal by the plaintiff against the decree of Mr. Justice Farran, who, on the 19th February dismissed the suit with costs. Mr. Jardine and the Hon. Mr. Telang instructed by Messrs. Tyabjee and Dayabhai, appeared for the plaintiff: and Mr. Lang and Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Wintor and Burder, appeared for the defendant.

The case was a curious one. The property in dispute was a house at Mahaluxmi which the plaintiff alleged had been presented to him as a gift by the defendant in April 1885, a statement which the defendant entirely denied. The plaintiff about eight years ago retired from worldly affairs and devoted himself to religion, claiming to have been appointed chief *chella* or disciple of the Swami of Akulkote, who died about that time. In 1884 he founded a *math* at Matundi, near Vingorla, and attracted many worshippers. The defendant was also a follower of the Swami and had visited and worshipped with the plaintiff.

The plaintiff swore that in 1885 he was induced by the defendant to leave Matundi and come to Bombay on the promise that he would be given a house wherein to establish a *Math*; that on his arrival in Bombay he was taken by the defendant to the house in question where he has resided ever since; that on the 12th April 1885 ceremonies were performed which lasted all day. The house was consecrated and in the evening the defendant in the presence of a number of witness made a formal gift of the house.

The defendant denied that he ever gave or intended to give the house to the plaintiff. He alleged that the plaintiff had requested him to give him a lodging for a few days as he was passing through Bombay to Benares and that he had consequently allowed him to occupy his house at Mahaluxmi in the expectation that he would be there only for a short time, but that the plaintiff having once got into possession had refused to leave it, falsely alleging that the house had been given to him. Notice to quit had been served upon him, but had been disregarded. He further denied that the plaintiff was (as he pretended) the chief disciple of the Swami. No married man could hold that position, while the plaintiff, who claimed to have been appointed eight years ago, had a wife still living and a child born only four years ago. In reply to this, however, the plaintiff declared that he had not lived with his wife since he became the *chella* and he accounted for the birth of his child by asserting that his wife had been pregnant for a period of four years.

The case is still at hearing.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

ST. THOMAS AQUINAS' SCHOOL, BANDORA.

ON Friday, the 9th instant, the annual prize distribution at the abovementioned school took place under the presidency of the Right Rev. Dom Pedro Antonio da Costa, Bishop of Damaun. The *shamiana*, which was erected in the compound of the school, was beautifully decorated with flags and palm-leaves and mottoes, such as "Labor omnia vincit," "Utile Dulci," &c. At 6 p.m., the guests began to arrive and were received by Messrs. P. A. Dias, L. T. Rodrigues, and Philip R. Valladares. There was a large attendance of spectators, among whom were observed some of the prominent friends and supporters of the institution, Rev. Calejo, Rev. Frank de Souza, Rev. M. Pereira, Rev. Elias Pereira, Mr. D. L. de Monte, Mr. J. D. Almeida, Mr. and Miss Bolland, Mr. J. B. Fernandes, Mr. J. J. D'Almeida, the Misses Valladares, Mr. J. J. Esperance, the Misses Esperance, Dr. B. A. Oliveira, Mr. and Miss Dias, Dr. J. F. Gonsalves, &c. The St. Thomas' band was in attendance. The chief feature of the programme was the performance of a farce entitled "A Race for a dinner." This farce is taken from that amusing little French piece "*Le Gostronome*," and exhibits Mr. Sponge in a new light; for, ere he can dine himself, he is absolutely obliged to cram a dinner down the throats of the first two gentlemen that shall fall in his way. This part of the story is very whimsically managed: the assumption of Mr. Dalton's name; the unexpected difficulty of meeting with two persons that can be compelled to swallow soups, a fowl, a beefsteak, a few tarts, a dessert and a bottle of good wine; the arrival of the real Mr. Dalton and his friend; the mutual reconoitering of the parties; Mr. Sponge's pressing invitation to the two gentlemen to partake of their *own* dinner; the voracity of his appetite, tantalized by alternate interruptions of apology and threat; his pathetic apostrophe to "the last of the beefsteak"; his longing look at the departing merry thought—all these, though rather too highly coloured, are extravagantly ludicrous. Mr. Dorio, the amateur builder, and Mr. Measureton, his dandy architect, have nothing particular to recommend them; they are persons of great pretension and bad taste: the frequent repetition of "*father-in-law*" which the latter indulges in adds not to the humour of his character. It is curious to observe how Mr. Sponge, who, in real life, would be elbowed out of society, becomes, not only tolerable, but even agreeable, on the stage, where a threadbare coat is a signal for mirth, and a hungry stomach convulses us with laughter. It is because his necessities are no tax upon our generosity that they ask neither our contribution nor pity. We can, therefore, afford to laugh when nothing more is demanded. We are too apt to derive pleasure from the vexatious disasters of others. The unexpected sally of a bull into a China-shop is an old joke. Dean Swift once, beholding a bricklayer tumble through the roof of a house that he was repairing, dryly remarked that he liked to see a man go through his work cleverly. The following is the caste:—Sponge (A. F. Machado); Dorie (B. D'Mello); Measureton, an Architect, (L. E. Pereira); Robert Feedwell, an Innkeeper, (M. F. Fernandes); Dalton, rich merchant, (L. E. Pereira); Lovell, his friend, (A. D'Monte); Frank, servant to Dalton, (Lawrence Francis); Waiters (Th. Pereira and S. Fernandes); Gammon, a pretended bailiff, (Bickoo Khandoo). Where everybody did so well, as was clearly evidenced by the reception of both the musical and dramatic parts of the entertainment, it would be invidious to particularize. It may, perhaps, be remarked that the first act dragged somewhat, but as the performance progressed, and the plot developed itself, the audience became interested and followed the dialogue with attentive appreciation. Master A. F. Machado sustained the character of Sponge with much force and originality, and succeeded in eliciting the entire sympathy of the audience.

At the conclusion of this part of the entertainment, the manager, Mr. P. A. Dias, read the annual report. The report stated that the number of pupils on the roll was 250 against 187 of last year. The Institution was recently visited by the late Vicar-General of Bengal, whose remarks made on the occasion afford most valuable testimony to the good management of the Institution. The school, the report goes on to say, is meant chiefly for the poor lads of Bandora and its neighbourhood without the slightest distinction of caste, colour or creed. The money necessary for the payment of the teaching staff and other incidental expenses is chiefly raised from public subscriptions. The grant-in-aid obtained at the last Public Examination was Rs. 820. The school had every hope of the grant being increased annually, but since it has now been placed on the "Special List," it cannot expect more than one-third of the amount spent during the year for the management of the school. It is stated in the report that, owing to the inadequacy of the present building for school purposes, it is intended to erect a large building necessary for the requirements of a school. The Rev. J. B. Fernandes has promised a donation of Rs. 1,000 towards the new building. The report winds up by thanking the ladies and gentlemen who have contributed towards the "Prize Fund" and Mr. Ramchander Ballajee for presenting books for prizes. After the report had been read and the prizes distributed, the Bishop of Damaun addressed the meeting on the gratifying spectacle of which they had been witnesses. He assured them that he held it a privilege to some there to perform that very small part in recognition of the great work that was being carried on in his diocese, *viz.* the instruction of youth. It was most satisfactory to hear nothing but continued evidence of progress and success attending that branch of their work. The name by which the school is known, he said, was St. Thomas Aquinas, that great and learned doctor of the Catholic Church, was a sufficient guarantee of the good work carried on in the institution. He then referred to the zealous labours of St. Francis Xavier, the Apostle of the Indies, and having addressed a few words of encouragement to the pupils and of congratulation to the directors, he wound up by saying that whatever he could do in his official capacity for furthering the work, would always be a source of great pleasure and gratification to him. In commemoration of the event he gave a donation of Rs. 100.

DEATH OF MR. THACKERSEY MOOLJEE.

WE regret to announce the death of Mr. Thackersey Mooljee, a prominent Bhattia merchant and millowner, father of Mr. Damodhur Thackersey Mooljee, a member of the Municipal Corporation and one of our leading native citizens. Ever since the death of his son Pragjee, some months ago, the deceased was suffering from failing health, and died on Friday night last, at the age of 81 years, at his residence, Old Hunnooman Lane, outside the Fort. The late Mr. Thackersey was a self-made man. Coming to Bombay in his eighteenth year in poor circumstances, he commenced business in a retail cloth-shop; but by dint of perseverance and energy he extended the business rapidly and became a wholesale merchant, the principal Arab merchants being the chief constituents of the firm. In addition to the piece-goods business, the firm of Thackersey Mooljee, in partnership with Messrs. Manockjee Petit and Sons, acted in 1859 as general brokers to one of the largest cloth-importing firms, Messrs. Peter Cababe and Company. In 1870 the firm of Thackersey Mooljee also acted as general brokers to the large cloth-importing Jewish firm of Messrs. Solomon, Botesh and Company; and in 1873 to the firm of Messrs. Gaddum and Company. In the last-mentioned year, they retired from the brokerage business, betook themselves to the more lucrative mill industry, and successively started the Thakersey Mooljee Mill, (which was afterwards amalgamated with the Hindustan Mill) the Western India Mills, and the Indian Manufacturing Mills, of which they are the secretaries, treasurers, and agents. The deceased was also one of the proprietors of the new cloth market, called the Mooljee Jetha Markets, situated on the Marwaree Bazar Road. He spent a large portion of his wealth in charity, and had opened libraries, built dharmsallas, established places for distribution of food to the poor, and sunk wells in different parts of his native country, the Ookhamandel territory of his Highness the Gaekwar. He had set apart Rs. 60,000 for distributing food to the poor at Warwalla in Ookamandel; Rs. 15,000 for a dhurmsalla and library at Warwalla; Rs. 5,000 for a library at Beyt in Dwarka; Rs. 10,000 for feeding of animals and providing water-troughs for them at Warwalla; Rs. 5,000 for sinking wells and ponds in Kattiawar; Rs. 10,000 for providing medicines for the poor; Rs. 25,000 for a dharmsalla in Kattiawar in the name of the deceased's late wife Bai Sakurbai; Rs. 50,000 for funeral expenses and religious ceremonies and charities for the deceased, &c. His charities exceeded in all two lakhs of rupees. He was influentially connected in business with and respected in Gujerat and Kattiawar; and on the occasion of the marriage of his grandson, a son of Mr. Damodhur Thackeray Mooljee, a few months ago, the Kattiawar Chiefs and his Highness the Gaekwar deputed their "rassalas" with dresses of honour as presents for the bridegroom. The deceased leaves a large fortune to his three sons, Mr. Damodhur, the eldest; the second son Mr. Govinjee, who was appointed the head of the Halai Bhattia Community of Bombay in succession to the late Mr. Vallabhdas Valljee; and the third son, Mr. Narrondas. The deceased's funeral was very largely attended. The New Cloth Market, the three mills abovenamed, and the office of the firm of Thackersey Mooljee and Company were closed on Saturday last as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased.

CHEROOTS, choicest Indian, various brands, from Rs. 1-8 per 100. PHILLIPS and Co., Limited Bombay and Poona.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 6th December:—

LEASEMENT OF LAND AT THE APOLLO RECLAMATION

Read letter from the Traffic Manager, dated 4th November, submitting offer by Mrs. Margaret Sakes to lease for 50 years 444 4-9 square yards land at Apollo Reclamation at a rent of Re. 1 per square yard per annum for first 20 years, and Rs. 1½ per square yard per annum for the remaining 30 years. The Traffic Manager observes that the plot is at the junction of an 80 feet and a 50 feet road, that it has only the wharf between it and the harbour, and he considers that the same rents might be charged as for Colaba frontage corner plots. The Traffic Manager states that Mrs. Sakes proposes to erect a two-floor building on 336 square yards, at a cost of Rs. 15,000, and that any lease would be dependent on the Engineer's approval of the building design.

Read minutes of members of Land Committee.

Resolution.—The land may be leased from 1st January for 50 years at the following rents:—Re. 1 per square yard per annum for first 10 years, Rs. 1-8 per square yard per annum for next 10 years, and Rs. 2 per square yard per annum for the remaining 30 years. The same rents are fixed for the other corner plots, north of the 80 feet road on Apollo Reclamation and fronting the 50 feet road nearest the harbour. The rents for non-corner plots with the same frontage are fixed at Re. 1 per square yard per annum for first 10 years, Rs. 1½ per square yard per annum for next 10 years, and Rs. 1½ per square yard per annum for the remaining 30 years, while the rate for back land, *i.e.* that having neither Colaba causeway nor 50 feet road frontage, and other plots for which special rates have not already been laid down is fixed at Re. 1 per square yard per annum for first 20 years, and Rs. 1½ per square yard per annum for remaining 30 years. In the present case only 40 feet frontage should be charged at corner plot rates. Mrs. Sakes should be informed that the plans, &c., of her buildings must be approved by the Trustees' Engineer before a lease can be granted.

RAILWAY FACILITIES AT THE DOCK.

Read letter from the Acting Dock Superintendent, dated 23rd November, stating that owing to the increase of Railway Traffic it is necessary that additional facilites be afforded for the removal of materials from the Dock premises, and he recommends that a wicket gate be made to the eastward of the north Railway gate in order to cart out materials from the H and east wharf berths to the Malet Bunder. He further states that cartloads of Railway materials are often detained in the Dock premises whilst the shunting and re-shunting of wagons is going on at the north Railway gate.

Read memo. from the Engineer, dated 29th November, intimating that, a 12 feet gate and post would cost Rs. 263, and he shows the position proposed on a plan submitted with his report.

Resolution.—The construction of the additional gate is sanctioned at an estimated cost of Rs. 263. The necessary communication should be made to the Collector of Customs.

THE LATE CAPTAIN RUSSELL.

The circular announcing to the Trustees the death of Captain Russell, Dock Superintendent, at Melbourne, on 22nd November was laid on the table.

Resolution.—The Trustees place on record their sense of the heavy loss which they have suffered by the death of their late Dock Superintendent and their deep sympathy with his family in their bereavement.

A copy of this Resolution should be sent to Mrs. Russell.

APPOINTMENT OF DOCK SUPERINTENDENT.

Mr. Dumayne is appointed Dock Superintendent from such date as arrangements can be made for the Assistant Secretary's duties. He will have charge of both Docks when the extension is ready, and his salary is fixed at Rs. 800 a month with Rs. 50 conveyance allowance and a free house.

Applications for the appointment of Assistant Secretary should be advertised for. The salary to be Rs. 500 per mensem rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 per mensem to Rs. 800 a month.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 2nd Dec. 1887.	For week ending 2nd Dec. 1886.
Vessels piloted into Harbour	15	20
" out of "	17	18
" transported	8	11
" attended to	...	...

STATEMENT OF VESSELS USING PRINCE'S DOCK.

	For week ending 2nd Dec. 1887.	For week ending 2nd Dec. 1886.
Vessels entered	6	9
" left	4	8
" remaining in dock.	11	13

MEETINGS OF PUBLIC COMPANIES.

THE COLABA PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of this company was held on Saturday afternoon at the registered office of the company, Colaba, Mr. Ahmedbhoy Hubbibhoy presiding.

The following report of the directors was submitted:—You are aware that your presses have been since the 1st day of February 1887 worked under a joint working agreement with the Fort Press Company, Limited, and the New Apollo Press Company, Limited. This agreement expires on the 31st day of December next, your directors do not see any prospect of its being continued on the same basis. The total number of bales actually pressed in your presses was 37,990 bales, and the number as calculated under joint working agreement on which the company shares and earns profits was 38,534 bales. The total profits for the year amount to Rs. 11,901-15-3 and with the sum of Rs. 3,713-12-3 brought forward from last year, give a total of Rs. 13,115-11-6, a result which looking to the keen competition in this industry and the low rates charged for pressing even under the joint working agreement will be considered satisfactory. From this amount your directors have set aside a sum of Rs. 2,500 to depreciation account, and out of the remainder they recommend a dividend at the rate of Rs. 25 per share, which will absorb Rs. 12,500, and the balance Rs. 615-11-6 will be carried to next year's account. Your directors have to report that Messrs. Benn Ashley & Co., resigned their post of secretaries to the company, from 1st March 1887, and arrangements were made to conduct the business of the company under the direct supervision of the board of directors. Mr. Heerjee Ruttonsey, one of the directors of the company, died on the 24th day of November 1886. Your directors have not seen it necessary to fill up the vacancy caused by his death. With reference to the resolutions passed at an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the company, held on 8th day of November 1886, and confirmed at another extraordinary general meeting, held on 25th idem. No action has been taken in the matter as yet in consequence of the Colaba Land and Mill Company having given notice that they object to the property being transferred by the trustees into the name of the company itself, and the matters are engaging the attention of the directors. Your directors have to report that Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Knight, and Mr. Jehangeer Cowasjee Jehangeer, and Mr. D. D. Gandhy through their Solicitors, Messrs. Ardaseer, Hormusjee and Dinshaw, have sent notices to the late trustees of the company requesting them to renew the lease of the Wadi property, which expired on 1st December 1886. Your directors have placed the matter in the hands of the company's solicitors.

The directors' report together with the audited accounts made up to the 30th June last were adopted. Messrs. Joseph Jafferson and Hormasji Ardesheer Suntook were re-elected directors of the company; while Mr. Nusserwanji Sorabji Jamshedji was appointed an auditor at a remuneration of Rs. 100. The following resolution was also agreed to:—"That the directors of this company in order to avoid litigation, are hereby authorized and empowered to accept the offer made by the lessors of the Wadi property, sold to the Bombay Hemp and Jute Company by this company, and now in the possession of Mr. Chunda Ramjee with the view to a settlement of the alleged claim made by them against the trustees of this company for a renewal of their lease in respect of the said property by payment to them of a sum of Rs. 16,000, on condition that the said lessors waive any claim they may have against the company and its trustees in respect of the lease. "That the directors of this company are hereby authorized and empowered to enter into an agreement for joint working of the presses with other press company or companies for such further time, and on such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable in the interest of this company."

The usual vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

THE NATIONAL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN extraordinary general meeting of this company was held on Saturday afternoon at the office of the company, Meadow Street, Fort, under the presidency of Mr. Nusserwanji Manockji Petit, special resolutions accepting the resignations tendered by Messrs. Jehangir Hormusji and Co. as Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents of the company and appointing Messrs. J. N. Petit and Co. as agents in their stead passed at an extraordinary general meeting held on the 23rd ultimo, were unanimously confirmed. The customary compliment to the chairman closed the meeting.

UNVEILING A BUST OF THE LATE NOWROJEE FURDOONJEE.

THE success which had so marked the career of the late Mr. Nowrojee Furdonjee, the "Tribune of the People," as he was called, was sadly wanting at the ceremony attendant on the unveiling of his bust at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute on Saturday. In the lifetime of the late Mr. Furdonjee and shortly after he had had conferred on him the Order of the Companion of the Indian Empire, his numerous admirers subscribed towards a fund to perpetuate his memory. Mr. N. R. Ranina took great interest in the movement and a sum of something like Rs. 10,000 was collected, and at a general meeting of the subscribers, held at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, in June 1885, under the chairmanship of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, it was decided to appropriate a portion of the funds in the purchase of a bust of Mr. Furdoonjee to be placed in a public locality or building, and invest the rest in Government paper for the foundation of a scholarship in the proposed Ripon Industrial College. An influential committee, consisting of the Hon. Rao Saheb V. N. Mundlick, C.S.I., and Messrs. Varjeevundass Mahadowdass, Sorabjee Bengalee, C.I.E., Sorabjee Framjee Patell, and Nanabhai R. Ranina, was formed to carry out these resolutions. They resolved at one of their sittings to request Mr. Manchersha M. Bhownagree, C.I.E., who was in England at the time, to order out a bust of the late Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee at a cost of Rs. 2,300. This bust, the work of a Mr. Louski, was completed about the middle of the year, and, as decided by the committee, was placed in the hall of the Native General Library in the Institute. Circumstances had the effect of marring to a great degree the ceremony of the unveiling. The hour fixed had been 5-15, just about the time when a temperance lecture, which had been delivered in the Hall upstairs, concluded. The bust was placed at the entrance of the library, at the spot where the two large staircases, the means of exit for those above, meet. Long before quarter-past five a large crowd of those who had attended to witness the ceremony filled the lower hall and they completely blocked the exits available for those who had been present at Mr. Leavitt's discourse on "India's Perils," and who were desirous of leaving the premises. The consequence was that both the staircases were crowded by them, and as they were not a little impatient there was a good deal of loud talk and laughter, and when the ceremony was about to commence—and there were several calls for silence—there was a good deal of hissing. In seats arranged in the small space around the bust there were the members of the committee mentioned above and several other leading Parsee and Hindu gentlemen, among whom were Messrs. Dosabhoy Framjee, Jamsetjee Cursetjee, Byramjee Dadabhoy Registrar, A. F. Moos, Ragoonath N. Khote, and Lakhmidass Khimjee, and a large number of Parsee ladies.

The proceedings were opened by Mr. Ranina relating a short history of the movement, the outcome of which was the bust before them. Before Mr. Ranina could make a start, however, he made an attempt to procure silence, but the result was a great deal more noise. When there was a comparative lull Mr. Ranina readily availed himself of it and made a beginning, but was at once greeted with hisses of an impatient crowd, with no interest in the proceedings, giving vent to its feelings. That this would be the correct view to take of what nevertheless was moss disgraceful conduct would have its proof in the fact that Mr. Ranina was applauded when he concluded hit remarks and asked the Hon'ble Rao Saheb V. N. Mundlick to unveil the bust.

In coming forward to do so the Rao Saheb had a boisterous reception. He was hissed, or rather the crowd indulged in hissing, when he spoke the first few words of his speech. He commenced: Mr. Ranina, ladies and gentlemen—(hissing and loud cries of "order please")—by a resolution of the managing committee—(hissing and noise and Mr. Ranina: Go on, Sir)—by a resolution of the managing committee—(continued hissing and some applause.) Mr. Ranina threatened here to expel any one who did not behave himself. This threat caused a short cessation of the noise and the Rao Saheb continued: It was resolved, against my own motion, that the task of unveiling this bust of our late friend Mr. Nowrojee Furdonjee should devolve on me. Before I do so, I must ask your permission, ladies and gentlemen, to say a word about the late Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee. (A voice: You can say two words if you like.) The Rao Saheb then went on to say, with few interruptions, that the history of the late Mr. Furdoonjee was the history of Bombay for the last 50 years. He regretted that the limited time prevented him going into the larger detail of a life chequered by variegated labours executed with an energy and perseverance which had seldom been passed in the annals of the city. The speaker then referred to Mr. Furdoonjee's connection with the Bombay Association when it started and when it was revived. Mr. Furdoonjee, he said, was no mere agitator, but a political reformer in the highest sense. (Cheers.) The Rao Saheb then spoke of his labours with regard to the Municipality, and said that the history of the latter body would have been a blank without the late Mr. Furdoonjee. (Cheers.) Any one who went into the history of the Municipal Assessment would see how hard he had worked and would then know how the assesment had been set on a thorough basis on the way to still improve. The result of this was the addition of many lakhs to the revenue. (Cheers.) For these works alone, the Rao Saheb claimed a statue in honour of the late Mr. Furdoonjee, and that they had advanced to a bust was but an earnest of what was to come. After referring to the committee's decision in the choice of a site for the bust, he (the speaker) remarked that if the Municipal Office were in existence—and parenthetically adding that he did not think it would come into existence for the next ten years—nothing would have been more appropriate than placing the bust in such a place where so many of Mr. Furdoonjee's victories had so deservedly been won. (Cheers.)

The Rao Saheb then unveiled the bust which, it was remarked, bore a very strong likeness to the late Mr. Furdoonjee. The pedestal bears the following inscription: Nowrojee Furdonjee, Esq., J. P., C. I. E. Born, Broach A. C. 1817. Died, Bombay, 1887. As a tribute of admiration and respect for his life-long efforts in the cause of social and political advancement of his community.

The crowd dispersed quietly after a vote of thanks had been voted to the Hon. Rao Saheb Mundlick.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE LATE MR. MANOCKJEE CURSETJEE.

SOCIETY in Bombay loses a cherished institution by the death of Mr. Manockji Cursetji, and the State loses one of its pillars. Manockji Cursetji was born in the early fives of the century, and may therefore be said to have long exceeded the measure of three score years and ten vouchsafed to mankind. But when we consider the varied activities of his life, till within these few years, we may perhaps say that the remarkable career that has just closed extended over a century and a half. This at least is our own estimate of the work done by Mr. Manockji. Had he died earlier his death would have evoked much wider and warmer sympathy. Manockji Cursetji seems to have been thrown early into European contact, and he appears to have enjoyed the benefits of that higher civilization, with not a few of its drawbacks too. This was inevitable, and the man's honesty was too strong to let him make a secret of even his weaknesses and foibles. In thorough independence of character and outspokenness we know of no Parsee who could approach Manockji Cursetji. His travels, his journals, his speeches, his conversations—brimful of bright reminiscences—all proclaim an original and a vigorous thinker who would pause at nothing in converting his thoughts into act. At times he was very [illegible] to be impracticable, but his earnestness was never called into question. We have known the deceased only as "old Mr. Manockji", but judging from what we have read of him and by him, we may fairly place him in the forefront of that little army of progress which English education first gave to Bombay. Manockji Cursetji was the pioneer of all legitimate and lasting effort at reform. He made heavy sacrifices and braved much obloquy in carrying his ideas into practice. But for his example Bombay could hardly have witnessed the progress of female education she witnesses to-day.

It goes without saying that occupying the position he did for nearly half a century, both here and in England, Mr. Manockji commanded great influence, and he was ever prompt in giving the benefit of it to those who had to struggle for an entrance into public life. There are many in Bombay, Hindus and Mahomedans as well as Parsis, comfortably settled in life, who owe their first lift to Mr. Manockji Cursetji. Such was the patriarch who died last week full of years and honours, and it now remains for Bombay, especially for his friends and sympathizers, to keep his memory green among us by placing the Alexandra Institution, "my other daughter," as the old man used to call it, upon a secure footing. We should also advise a reprint of the more interesting of his public utterances and private journals.—*Indian Spectator.*

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL:—In Skin Diseases its efficacy is unequalled. Dr. Ross, Medical Officer of Health, Bloomsbury, writes:—"In Pulmonary Consumption, in Scrofulous Affections, and in the various Diseases of the Skin associated with the strumous taint, Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is very efficacious in improving nutrition and tone, restoring plumpness to the fatty tissue and a bright colour to the skin very rapidly. The use of Dr. de Jongh's Oil is quite indispensable in the more obstinate and degenerative forms of Skin Disease."—Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists and storekeepers. Sole Consignees—Ansar, Harford Co., 110 High Holborn, London.

CHARGE OF BRIBERY AT DEHRA DUN.

A CHARGE of bribery against a Government official under very peculiar and special circumstances is to be enquired into shortly at the Dehra Dun Criminal Court. A correspondent of the *Civil and Military Gazette* says:—

From the information I have been able to gather, it appears that, either in the end of the month of June or in the beginning of July, the Maharani of Tehri (the widow of the late Maharaja Pertab Sah) sent by the hand of her own *Khuzzanchee*, in person, to the Dehra Dun Treasury the sum of two lakhs of rupees on deposit, loan with the Government of India. This sum was handed over by the Treasurer to the Treasury clerk. It appears that in weighing and counting these two lakhs of rupees, the Baboo noticed that about one-eighth of the whole sum, *viz.*, about 25,000 rupees, had been cut or were light of weight: they had apparently been used for jewellery, such as necklaces which the *pahares* female sex of Atmorah, Nani Tal, Tehri and Mussoorie particularly affect. These short-in-weight and cut rupees the Baboo, it is alleged, refused to receive, and quite rightly so. Now comes the queer part of the story, according to which the whole of the two lakhs of rupees were eventually received into the Treasury, and a receipt in full given for them. On returning to Tehri, the *Khuzzanchee* is alleged to have informed the Maharani that 25,000 rupees were at first rejected at the Treasury as being light-in-weight, or cut, by the Treasury clerk: who subsequently sent for him to his own house, and explained that the loss to Tehri would be great if the quarter of a lakh was rejected as light and damaged coin, and asked him what he would pay if it were all accepted in full and was passed into circulation. The *Khuzzanchee* finally says that he paid him the sum of 100 rupees, for the Baboo's good offices in this matter, and, in accordance with the agreement, the whole sum was accepted in the Dehra Treasury, and the 100 rupees paid to the Baboo.

The Maharani, wishing to verify the statement of her *Khuzzanchee*, is said to have communicated with the Superintendent of the Dhun, and the upshot of the matter is that Baboo Ganendra Mohun is under arrest, awaiting criminal investigation into this matter, which is to take place on the 9th instant.

THE EDUCATION OF DEAF MUTES.

WE find in the October number of the *American Annals of the Deaf*, a publication which occupies itself exclusively with the literature of deaf-mute education, a brief but interesting article from the pen of the Right Rev. Mgr. de Haerne, member of the Belgian Chamber of Representatives. Mgr. de Haerne is the founder of the only Catholic institution in England for the training of deaf-mute children, and, as many of our readers are aware, he took an active part in the establishment of the institution at Grant Road in this city. In his contribution to the American periodical the venerable prelate recounts the efforts he has made in furtherance of the same good cause in China. Since 1860 he has been in correspondence on the subject of the deaf with missionaries in that country; and strange to say, in answer to his inquiries the uniform reply has been that there are few deaf-mutes to be met with in the Chinese Empire. This may have been the experience of the clergymen to whom Mgr. de Haerne addressed himself, but we do not think the statement can be accepted as a correct representation of the actual fact. Here in India the popular notion is that instances of deaf-mutism are comparatively rare, yet we find from the Census returns that the proportion of persons suffering from this infirmity is even greater than that which obtains in European countries and on the continent of America. Taking the Bombay Presidency we learn from the last Census Report that there are no fewer than 16,594 deaf and dumb persons, which gives an average of about one per thousand of the total population, whilst in Great Britain and Ireland the proportion is only one in 1,700 which is not far from the average in the principal countries of Europe. We do not doubt that if a reliable enumeration of this class were taken in China we should find a somewhat similar result. Mgr. de Haerne's zealous efforts, though not entirely successful, have been attended with some fruit. He has awakened an interest in the education of this abandoned class, and already the nucleus of an institution exists at Shanghai in the Catholic Orphanage of that city, which we trust will develop into a fully equipped School were some at least of the thousands of deaf-mute children in China may be rescued from ignorance and degradation.—*Bombay Catholic Examiner.*

THE YELLOW RIVER INUNDATION IN CHINA.

THE following letter sent to Mr. Muirhead, Shanghai, and published in the *N.-C. Daily News*, gives some idea of the terrible destruction that has been caused by the Yellow River bursting its banks:—

Mr. Dear Mr.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

AUCTION SALE of OIL PAINTINGS, &c., THIS DAY, next door to J. NEUBERG'S, Meadow Street, Fort, at 1-30 p.m.

AMERICAN APPLES, Geniune, Rs. 2 per dozen.—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Limited, Fort, Bombay. W. J. ESSAI.

CHRISTMAS CAKES, 2lb. to 100lb. each, —CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Limited, Meadows Street, Fort. W. J. ESSAI.

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TO BE SUBLET for Nine Months, furnished or unfurnished, Pareli Hill House. Suitable for Family or Bachelors. For particulars, apply to Mrs. STEEL, Present occupier.

XMAS! CHEAPEST SALE of New Watches up to New Year at cost price by R.D. KANITKAR & Co., at their New Premises, Breach Candy Road, near Thakurdwar, Bombay.

EVERYBODY seems to be very pleased with the Best Variety of Toys, Dolls, and Fancy Presents we have specially selected for This Year. Hundreds of 'Xmas Trees supplied.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

FOR SALE.—The Shop of Messrs. Howard and Co., Cigar Merchants, with its good-will, stock-in-trade, &c., is for sale, in consequence of the death of the Proprietor. For particulars apply to Mr. M. F. DIAS, 71, Apollo Street, Fort.

TO LET, from 1st January next, a WHOLE HOUSE (or each separate Floor) which was occupied by Messrs. James Pearse for the last 12 Years, the Ground Floor of which is used as a Shop, the Upper Floors are well adapted for large Offices. Also a Residence and few separate Rooms for Offices in the adjoining buildings.—FRAMJEE COWASJEE MARKUR, Cumballa Hill, Bombay.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL.—I have stayed at the above Hotel, with my family, for ten days, and I am perfectly satisfied with the accommodation and the living, the laiter has been exceptionally good, and at very moderate charge. The Proprietors are the most courteous and obliging Gentlemen in the way of business, I ever met with, and their Staff and Servants have always been most civil and attentive. I wish the Hotel every success in the future.—" W. C.," Capt., 12th Lancers.

FRESH SPANISH GRAPES, at 12 Annas per Pound.—P. CASSANELLO & Co., No. 40, Meadow Street.

'XMAS GIFT, Rs. 10! Rs. 10!! Rs. 10, !!! A HAND SEWING MACHINE, in Neat Case Apply Sharp.—GEYER & Co., Ld.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES, FOR CASH OR EASY TERMS 5, CHURCH GATE STREET.

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35-21 —Country Luck—J. Habberton.
81-31 —The Golden Hope—W. C. Russell.
D. 58-14 —Annual Report. Smithsonian Institution-1885.
32- 7 —Law Reports, Bombay, Vol. 11, Pt. 12, 1887.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 10.

SILVER receded ⅛d. per oz. in London on Friday according to Reuter's quotation of 44 1-16d.; and Rupee Securities were down ¼ for Fours, and ½ for 4½ per cents., at £69⅜ and £72⅝, respectively. Indian Sterling Loan, on the other hand, moved up ½ per cent. to 102¾. Consols at Rs. 101¾, and French Rentes in Paris at Rs. 108 show no change.

An advance of another £2 per ton is reported in Braziers' Copper at £72; but Walleroo was apparently still unquotable.

Quotations for Wheat come unaltered; and in the Mincing Lane markets there was no change yesterday in any of the items usually wired. There were 40,000 quarters of Wheat more afloat for the United Kingdom at 1,350,000 quarters than was the case a week ago.

The Liverpool Cotton market opened quiet, and closed with an easier feeling, the day's sales having reached only 8,000 bales, including 800 Surats; but quotations for ready Cotton were quite unchanged. American arrivals, however, receded 1-32d. per lb. in all positions. In Surats forward business appears to have been done in "Fine" Broach, "Fully Good" clause, at 5 11-32d. for February-March shipment, which is 1-32d. per lb. higher than Wednesday's rate for the same quality and shipment. To-day the market closed steady; sales 8,000 bales, of which 1,200 were Surats; and Spot prices unaltered throughout. American arrivals recovered the 1-32d. lost on the previous day; and in Surats business is reported in "Fine" Broach, "Fully Goods" clause for March-April shipment at 5 5-16d. per lb.

Business in the staple at Liverpool for the week ending yesterday had been on about the same scale as during the preceding six days, the sales, at 63,000 bales, having been 3,000 more; while of Surats 2,000 bales more were taken, at 7,000 bales. The Cotton taken by the Trade and forwarded during last week was, at 86,000 bales, 4,000 bales more than in the week before. The total Stock had increased by 11,000 bales, and stood yesterday at 582,000 bales; that of Surats, at 99,000 bales, was 7,000 bales less. The total visible supply, estimated yesterday at 2,910,000 bales, had increased by 40,000 bales; of Surats, there were 2,000 bales less in sight at 301,000 bales.

In New York, Spot Cotton was unaltered yesterday at 10½ cents, but in Futures for April there was a drop of 7 points, making the forward quotation 10·68 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 42,000 bales—200 bales heavier than last year, and lighter to the same extent than the year before. The market is reported quite unchanged to-day. Receipts, 32,000 bales, against 36,000 bales in 1886, and 41,000 in 1885. The Receipts for the week ending on Friday aggregated 248,000 bales, or 1,000 bales less than came forward during the previous week; while compared with the corresponding week in the two preceding years, they were 20,000 bales, and 2,000 bales greater, respectively. The Stock at the U. S. Ports had become heavier during the week by 64,000 bales, and stood yesterday at 951,000 bales; that at the interior ports, given at 494,000 bales, was 16,000 bales greater. The week's Exports to Great Britain were less by 900 bales; those to the Continent show a falling-off of 26,000 bales.

Referring to the subjoined comparative statement, we may remark regarding the figures for the Receipts at the American Ports, which now show an increase of 449,000 bales, and 477,000 bales, respectively, that this year's excess has thus become greater since last Friday by 20,000 bales in the one case, and by 2,000 bales in the other. On the other hand, the increase in the visible supply, which last week was 233,000 bales compared with 1886, has meantime become reduced to 140,000 bales. In the Liverpool Stock, the excess compared with last year is rather less; but compared with the year before, it has become greater by some 20,000 bales during the week under review.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1887	1886	1885
Week's receipts	248,000	228,000	216,000
" exports to U. K.	104,000	101,000	109,000
" " Continent	49,000	88,000	69,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	3,382,000	2,933,000	2,905,000
" exports to U. K. "	1,121,000	1,064,000	863,000
" " Cont. "	915,000	693,000	779,000
" Stock in the Ports	951,000	997,000	951,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 9th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1887	1886	1885
Total supply of all kinds	2,910,000	2,770,480	2,699,850
" " Surats	301,000	225,840	128,390

For the United Kingdom only the figures are:—

Stock in Liverpool	582,000	523,980	425,720
" London	31,000	15,000	17,000
American Afloat	240,000	251,000	267,000
East Indian "	18,000	21,000	9,000
	871,000	810,980	718,320
Price of Mid-Uplands	5 11-16d.	5¼d.	5 1-16d.
" Good Fair Dhollerah	4¼d.	3 13-16d.	4 5-16d.
Difference	1 9-16d.	1 7-16d.	¼d.

We have had a very quiet, not to say dull market for the staple here to-day, and prices for New Cotton generally may be quoted a Rupee per candy lower. European buyers are in the market for Bengals alone, and for these they will not now pay within Rs. 2 per candy of the rates asked by dealers. There are said to be native buyers of "Good," for this Month's delivery, at Rs. 153; of "Fully Good," at Rs. 163; and of "Fine," at Rs. 176; but sellers ask a Rupee more, and are generally steady at their quotations both fort his growth and for other descriptions. The only business reported to-day is the purchase of a small lot of Ready New Bengal at Rs. 176; and a contract for a line of "Fully Good" Barsee for March delivery, at Rs. 214 per candy.

WHEAT is without particular movement. A small business is reported in ready Ek-Dani at previous rates, and the market is quiet, with nothing doing in contracts for the new crop.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* is half an anna lower for ready Seed, and the market is quiet, but there are said to be native buyers of the new crop at about current quotations. *Rapeseed* is very quiet; but the same rates as before are named both for old and new Seed. *Gingelly* is steady at our last quotations.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	2,880 bales
Wheat	15,704 cwts.
Linseed	6,058 "
Rapeseed	2,086 "
Gingelly	8,081 "

FREIGHTS.—The market closes quiet for the week with a rather easier feeling, but without quotable change in rates, or any fresh business reported.

EXCHANGE.—We quote 1-32d. decline in the rate for 3 months' sight Credits; but the market has been very quiet to-day, hardly any business having transpired on any line. Credits for January are quoted at 1s. 5⅛d. and 1s. 5 5-32d. later on. The Calcutta market is also reported to be weaker at 1s. 5¼d. for 6 months' sight Credits. We close steady at the following rates for ready business:—

Bank Bills on demand....1s. 4 29-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic....1s. 4 7-8d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight ...1s. 5d.	"
Credits, 3 months' sight ...1s. 5 3-32d.	"
Francs, 3 months' sight ...1·80 to ½.	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—There has been next to nothing doing to-day in this market. Fours have been steady at 98½ for cash, and 98¼ for forward delivery. There have also been buyers of Four-and-a-half per cent. paper at 102½, but no business of importance has transpired.

SHARES.—The feeling in Mill scrip generally has been rather weak; but there have been few transactions to test prices. In local Mill shares the only change we have to note is in Sunderdass, which are Rs. 25 down. In the shares of Mofussil Mills we note a decline of Rs. 102, in Madras United of Rs. 15; in Khandeish; and of Rs. 10 in Guzerat. In miscellaneous concerns, Bombay-Burma, 1st issue, are down Rs. 25, and 2nd issue, Rs. 5; Port Canning, Rs. 5; Cooper, Madon and Co., Rs. 2; and Bapty Brother Flour, Rs. 2. The Bank of Bombay shares, which have had a nominal fall on account of the Kurrachee defalcations, have partially recovered and are now quoted at Rs. 790.

PIECE-GOODS AND YARN.—The Manchester Market was firm on Friday, and quotations show an advance of 1½d. in 45 in. 9 lbs. Grey Shirtings, and of ⅛d. in Jacconets, Mulls, and Madapollams. The figures for November shipments wired by Reuter show, in every item excepting Coloured Goods, a falling-off in shipments to our port compared with October, and in the case of Plain Cottons, the decrease amounts to nearly fourteen million yards. It will be seen from the subjoined comparative statement that with the same exception, shipments were lighter than during November last year; while taking the eleven months there has been a considerable falling-off in every item this year compared with the last.

	Nov. 1887.	Oct. 1887.	Nov. 1886
Bombay—			
Plain Cottons ....yds.	31,750,000	45,450,000	47,700,000
Colored Cottons.. "	3,900,000	3,700,000	3,600,000
Printed Cottons.. "	5,850,000	8,850,000	8,900,000
Twist ....lbs.	950,000	1,250,000	1,500,000
Calcutta—			
Plain Cottons ....yds.	71,300,000	63,950,000	74,000,000
Colored Cottons.. "	7,250,000	5,500,000	6,350,000
Printed Cottons.. "	2,950,000	2,650,000	3,400,000
Twist ....lbs.	1,550,000	900,000	1,050,000
Madras—			
Plain Cottons ....yds.	3,650,000	8,500,000	11,300,000
Colored Cottons.. "	1,100,000	1,650,000	1,450,000
Printed Cottons.. "	600,000	1,350,000	1,600,000
Twist ....lbs.	800,000	2,450,000	1,150,000
Bombay only—	11 Months 1887.		11 Months 1886.
Plain Cottons ....yds.	395,850,000		453,400,000
Colored Cottons.. "	41,000,000		45,950,000
Printed Cottons.. "	70,200,000		116,100,000
Twist ....lbs.	12,150,000		13,350,000

NOTICE.

HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and LADY REAY, accompanied by the PRIVATE SECRETARY and A.-D.-C. in waiting, will LEAVE BOMBAY, for AHMEDABAD, by the 8-35 p.m. train from Grant Road Station on TUESDAY, 13th instant. LADY REAY will RETURN to BOMBAY on 28th idem and HIS EXCELLENCY on 1st January, 1888. Telegrams, letter, &c., for delivery to Their Excellencies and party during their absence from Bombay, should be addressed "HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR'S CAMP" without the addition of any post-town.

J. MONTEATH,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.
Bella Vista, Mahableshwar, 2nd December 1887.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

AT SEA.

DEATH.

CLARK—December 9, at 2 p.m., at Sea, the wife of Captain A. C. Clark, Surveyor to Lloyds.

BOMBAY.

DEATHS.

MCALLISTER—December 9, at Bandora, John McAllister, aged 59. Deeply regretted.

STEPHENS—December 10, at Gowalia Tank Road, Charles Stephens, Veterinary Surgeon, aged 59 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CLARKE—December 4, the wife of William Clarke, Deputy Collector, of a son.

COMRIE—December 4, at Bankipore, the wife of J. Comrie, E I Ry, of a son.

CORFIELD—December 3, at Amritsar, the wife of the Rev Egerton Corfield, M A, Principal of the C M S Baring High School, Batala, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

WATSON—ANDERSON—December 5, at Christ Church, Rawal Pindi, by the Rev W M Lethbridge, Chaplain to the Forces, Major Arthur John Watson, Suffolk Regt, to Fairlie Caroline Gordon, second daughter of the late Colonel Acland Anderson, C M G, of Fairlie House, South Yarra, Melbourne, and Commandant of the Military Forces of H M's Government of Victoria.

DEATH.

BLECHYNDEN—December 1, at Bankipore, Richard Blechynden, late of Calcutta, aged 73.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1887.

WHILE in India the Dufferin Fund is familiarising an Oriental population with European medical science and its methods, and in Bombay we are far enough advanced to agitate for a Medical Registration Act to secure the competency of medical practitioners for their work, it is interesting to find that the first step has been taken to give the three hundred millions who inhabit China the benefit of medical treatment in accordance with European ideas. A number of the *China Review*, published at Hongkong, gives the inaugural address delivered at the opening of a College of Medicine for Chinese in that island on the 1st of October by Dr. P. Manson, Dean of the new college. It appears that in the early part of this year, the Alice Memorial Hospital was opened for the treatment of Chinese patients on foreign medical principles. The beds were filled, and the out-patients came in crowds. It was necessary to have a staff of dressers or students, and as the work of teaching sixty would require the same staff and time as that of teaching six, it was decided to form a school of medicine which would be taught by the four Civil practitioners of the town, and the Chinese house-surgeon, supplemented by other teachers for special subjects. Instruction is given in English, it being found impossible to teach European science except through a European language. The students for the most part have been through the Government Central School and have acquired a knowledge of English. It would be impossible to set up a European Medical College in Pekin, Canton, or any other large Chinese town, for there would not be a sufficient teaching staff, or a sufficient number of students speaking a European language. Besides the Chinese have a medical science of their own, and they would regard as a ludicrous impertinence the attempt to teach them a system which they would consider far inferior. The simplicity of Chinese medical science places it within the reach of every layman, all that is necessary to become a Chinese doctor being to buy two or three books, and begin to practise. Dr. Manson says that the notions of the Chinese profession on such subjects as anatomy and physiology are absurd; hygiene is unknown; there is no surgery worthy of the name. They know nothing of the diagnosis or pathology of disease. To make up for these deficiencies they have a superabundance of medicines, of the action of which they know nothing, but all come under the same system of classification which they apply equally to diseases. Everything is hot or cold. If a disease be of the hot class, it must have a cool medicine; if it be cold, it must be treated with something heating; the dieting also being hot or cold according to the nature of the malady.

The simplicity of this scientific classification appeals even to the uneducated understanding, and the layman can argue with his doctor on an equal footing. European methods and medicines are always judged by this standard of heat or cold. Dr. Manson owns to having practised a pious fraud to avoid being non-plussed by the application of the Chinese scientific method to his prescriptions. Water is cooling, and its cooling quality is imparted to whatever it holds in solution. Quinine in solution being cold, is good for malarial fever, which is hot. Malarial neuralgia is cold, therefore he does not give the quinine in a solution, but in a pill, a medium which is warm. The Chinese have lost the faculty of original observation and thought, depending on antique theories, like those of heat and cold, which they accept on the authority of ancient writers; they persistently endeavour to make facts tally with fancies. This seems very strange to the modern European, but it is not so long since the Caucasian mind delivered itself from a similar thraldom. As Dr. Manson very well says, for the last hundred years in Europe, the struggle to cast off old fancies has been as severe as that to acquire new knowledge. Witchcraft and the accumulated rubbish of past ages had to be got rid of in order to admit of the progress of ideas. We must not be surprised at finding a conservative people like the Chinese unwilling to abandon their traditions and their national reverence for what was written by their ancestors, to adopt new methods and ways of thought which, to a European of a former age, would have been quite incomprehensible. That China will adopt our European science, and acquire telegraphs and railways as they are found to be useful cannot, he thinks, be doubted. The old junks are already being discarded for modern steamships and for ironclads. The Dean of the new Medical College very justly points out that the braggart air of superiority with which teachers, preachers, and foreigners generally, lecture the Chinese about their outworn ways, their ancestral worship, their talk of filial piety, their paternal Government, their hot and cold business, and tell them to take up at once with all the appliances of modern European civilisation, only postpone the time when the Chinese will think well of European ideas. He warns the *alumni* of the college to beware of offending their countrymen by their supercilious air and swagger of superior knowledge. If they walk humbly, and avoid offending the susceptibilities and prejudices of the mass of their countrymen, they will obtain a footing, at first by their knowledge of surgery, of which they will have practically the field to themselves, and when they have gained confidence, the universal belief in the hot and cold system of medicine will give way in their favour. They will be the pioneers of other and allied sciences. The Chinese have no objection to change, if it is not suddenly thrust upon them, and they see that it may be advantageous. There has been a gradual acceptance of improved methods even on the part of the ruling class, which was denounced for incapacity and apathy and corruption when it was found that they would not revolutionise the country and adopt foreign models and accept foreign guidance absolutely. The outcome of this slow method of assimilation has been that China is gradually accommodating itself to the altered circumstances of the time, avoiding disintegration or revolution and keeping the foreigner at a safe distance. This is attributed by Dr. Manson to the elasticity and adaptiveness of the principles of the Government, which, not admitting of any sudden reform, have allowed a system which has existed for thousands of years to accept and to utilise ironclads and machine guns, railways and telegraphs. The Empire is passing from ancient to modern without spilling a drop of blood; the military system is being reformed, and the careful management of the revenues is now studied. The Government is not perceptibly in advance of public opinion; the beneficial change is slowly moving from below upwards.

Baron Hubner, as the result of his recent observations in China, came to the conclusion that it is a problem which the future alone can decide, whether Christianity or Buddhism will be the predominant faith of the world. He regarded it as inevitable that once the hundreds of millions of the Chinese race have begun to overflow the traditional boundaries, they will spread like an inundation over the lands washed by the Pacific. Dr. Manson confirms this view, saying that when the changes now in progress are made, three hundred millions of industrious, persevering, homogeneous, clever people will be a formidable factor in the combinations of the future. No longer kept under by preventible disease, thanks to the teaching of the Hongkong College of Medicine, their numbers will rapidly increase, and they will expand in all directions, crushing out or absorbing Annamites, Siamese and Malays, until a great Chinese-speaking nation will stretch from Siberia to Australia. This prospect, appalling as it is, does not dismay the learned Dean. He says that the process has already commenced; and that it will go on, wise men coming again from the East; the people who invented printing will give the world other useful arts; the first to use gunpowder will not be backward in the art of war. They will give back to Europe more than they got; in his view the prevision of Napoleon will be realised,—we will teach the Chinese to beat ourselves. It is a consolation to turn from this alarming prospect to the more reassuring estimate of future possibilities arrived at by General Prjevalsky, the famous Russian traveller, upon a review of the present condition of things, political and military, in China. General Prjevalsky holds that it is impossible for the Mantchu Government, which maintains its supremacy by force and cunning, to develop a real National Army, for it would be dangerous to its own existence. The people have no natural aptitude for war, the military profession being an object of contempt to all classes of society; the national traditions and popular opinion thus combining with the egotistical interests of the Government to prevent any real military progress. The foreign military instructors will only be employed temporarily, being regarded as a necessary evil, to be endured solely as a security against foreigners. The soldiers of the army are generally recruited from the dregs of the population. A German authority, Colonel Lobel, gives testimony—which cannot be disregarded, seeing that the European instructors of the Chinese Army are mostly Germans—that during the recent war with the French the Chinese Army and Navy failed to answer the expectations that had been entertained. The Russian General, quoting this evidence, states that the Chinese officers, from the highest to the lowest, are destitute of military training, are universally addicted to opium smoking, live a life of debauchery with complete indifference to duty, plundering alike the State and the private soldier. He comes to a conclusion diametrically opposed to that which Dr. Manson, like Baron Hubner, regards as foregone, affirming that during the march of forty centuries the habits and customs of the Chinese people had become too deeply engrained to admit of any great change. He pronounces it impossible for European civilisation to take root on such an unfavourable soil. It is clear that upon the question of possible Chinese expansion, and consequent supremacy, there is room for difference of opinion. For our part, if it were certain that the establishment of a Medical School to teach the Chinese how to eradicate preventible diseases would have for one of its effects the growth of a homogeneous empire extending from the Amoor to Australia, we should prefer to leave the Chinese their present Medical Science, and allow them to go on blowing hot and cold within their present limits.

THE inquiry which the Government of Bengal have instituted into the working of the irrigation system in the Arrah and Shahabad Districts has, if the evidence may be believed, revealed some extraordinary irregularities, many of which can only properly be dealt with in a criminal court. Wholesale bribery on the one hand, wholesale extortion from the ryots on the other, seem to have been the accompaniments of the blessings of irrigation in these districts, to say nothing of the incompetent engineering which has made the canals and water channels in the Arrah district distributories of malaria. The allegation that some of the land has been ruined by irrigation is a familiar one, and those to whom it is addressed may possibly regard it as the ryot's way of avowing his objection to having to pay for water. But there seems to be little doubt, that between high rates on the one hand and bribes to officials to make low returns on the other widespread oppression and corruption have prevailed. It is perhaps one of the many results of the Permanent Settlement of Bengal that the Government cannot directly or indirectly enter into a partnership with the people in irrigation enterprises; and the result is that the authorities are under a constant incentive to make sure that these enterprises pay a full return upon the outlay. Hence we hear of high rates which the witnesses before the Commissioner at Arrah declared to be beyond the power of the people to pay. Where, however, the State and the cultivators are in any sense partners in the enterprise there are no complaints of exorbitancy, and at the same time the State makes a fair profit out of the transaction. We have before us a tabulated statement of the irrigation work carried out in the Jeypore State up to the end of 1886, the results of which are a very noteworthy testimony to the judicious policy which the State has followed in the matter of irrigation under the guidance of Colonel Jacob, its Executive Engineer. The total expenditure exceeds twenty lakhs, and of this a lakh and three-quarters were laid out during 1886. The percentage of profit of course varies largely, some works showing a merely fractional return, while others give a profit of thirty or even forty per cent. on the outlay. The total return, however—a little over two lakhs—was nearly ten per cent. This is a result which we think has not been beaten in India. Taken as a whole the irrigation work conducted in British territory does not pay, and there are few administrations which, taking a series of years, could show so good a record as the Jeypore State has done. One explanation of the success of the Jeypore policy is to be found in a circumstance necessarily absent from irrigation administration in British territory, namely the fact that the State looks for a return to its expenditure not in the water rates, which are invariably low, but in the increased produce of the soil irrigated, of which it takes a fixed share. The result has been eminently favourable alike to the revenue and to the cultivators, and a large arrear that was virtually waste land before the present irrigation policy was embarked in twenty years since has been brought under cultivation.

BY the steamer which leaves to-day for Karachi, Miss Ellaby, M.D., takes her departure for Hyderabad Sind, where she will work in connection with the Countess of Dufferin's Fund for providing medical aid for the women of India. Her special task will be to start a dispensary for women at Hyderabad, and when that is accomplished, we understand, she intends to leave India, so that her stay in Sind will probably be only for a few months. It is a pleasure to us to give expression to the public sense of Miss Ellaby's worth as a skilful physician and of the value of her services to the Cama Hospital, where she performed most efficiently the duties of First Physician during Miss Pechy's absence. In Miss Ellaby's departure Bombay society loses a good, kind and cultured woman. We hope that in her new sphere of labour she will command success; she will certainly deserve it.

THE negotiations between the Gondal Durbar and the Administration of Porebunder as to the share which the two States respectively will bear of the cost of the extension of the Bhownuggur Gondal line to Poreb

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

DIFFICULTY IN FORMING THE FRENCH CABINET.

PARIS, Dec. 9.

The Opportunists, declining to co-operate with the Radical Party, M. Goblet has been obliged to abandon his efforts to form a Cabinet.

M. Hallieres, who held office as Minister of Public Instruction under M. Jules Ferry, is now endeavouring to form a Moderate Ministry.

M. JULES FERRY FIRED AT.

PARIS, Dec. 10.

A man named Aubertin yesterday fired three shots pointblank at M. Jules Ferry in the lobby of the Chamber of Deputies.

The bullets were fortunately stopped by M. Ferry's clothes, and he only received slight injuries.

The would-be assassin was immediately arrested, and on being interrogated, he said that he belonged to a band of patriots, who were pledged to kill intriguers.

Party animosity has been lately very intense, and the Moderate Party papers ascribe the attempted crime as due to the virulence of the Radical press.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE IRISH PRESS.

LONDON. Dec. 11.

Mr. John Hooper, who is Member for the South East Division of County Cork, and is also a journalist, has been arrested for publishing reports of meetings of the Irish National League.

THE RUSSIAN PRESS ON THE AUSTRIAN SCARE.

St. PETERSBURG, Dec. 10.

The semi-official Russian papers ridicule the scare going on in Austria regarding the massing of Russian troops on the Austrian Frontier.

EMBASSY FROM THE QUEEN TO THE POPE.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

His Grace the Duke of Norfolk, K.G., attended by two attaches, leaves London on Monday on a special mission from the Queen to congratulate his Holiness the Pope on his attaining his Jubilee in Holy Orders, and to express personally her Majesty's appreciation of the courtesy shown by the mission of Monsignor Ruffo Scilla to London on the occasion of her Jubilee.

THE TROOPING SEASON.

PORTSMOUTH, Dec. 9.

H. M.'s Indian troopship Malabar, with the sixth batch of reliefs for India, left for Bombay to-day.

THE RETURN OF THE VICEROY TO CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 10.

The Viceroy arrives at 5-15 p.m., on Saturday, for the first time at Sealdah station, passing over the Jubilee bridge. The Volunteers will take part in the reception. This will be the great feature of the reception. The Eastern Bengal Volunteers will form a guard of honour at the station. The Calcutta Mounted Rifles will form an escort to Government House, where the Cossipore Artillery and Calcutta Volunteers will form a guard of honour. The Calcutta Naval Artillery Volunteers will fire a salute from the ramparts of Fort William.

The Hon'ble Whiteside, Member of Council, arrived at the Presidency to-day.

APPOINTMENTS TO THE BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 9.

It is stated that Mr. Charles Moore, of the firm of Messrs. Gillanders and Arbuthnot, and Dr. Gorudass Banerji, will be appointed Members of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Promotions :—Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Hoff to be Colonel ; Major W. Meiklejohn to be Lieutenant-Colonel ; Brigade-Surgeon W. Rice to be Deputy Surgeon-General, vice Hutchinson, whose period of service has expired.

The services of Lieutenant Beadon, 29th Bengal Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Punjab Government for service in the Punjab Commission.

Colonel Sir Oriel Tanner receives good service pension, vice Colonel Heathcote, succeeding to Colonel's allowances.

The Hon. Robert Steel is re-appointed additional Member of the Governor-General's Council.

Colonel Hanna is appointed from Officiating to be Deputy Judge Advocate.

The undermentioned officers, appointed to the Indian Staff Corps, are posted to the Bombay Staff Corps :—Lieutenant J Sinclair, Royal Irish ; A. Bolton, Royal Dublin Fusiliers ; J. Carter, South Staffordshire ; W. Blair, Suffolk Regiment.

THE VICEROY OUT A SPORTING.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AGRA, Dec. 11.

The bag made by the Viceroy's party at Bhurtpore, on Friday, consisted of 150 ducks and one pig. On Saturday they shot thirty brace snipes, two pigs, and three black bucks. To-morrow there will be buck shooting in the forenoon. On Tuesday morning his Excellency leaves Bhurtpore for Allahabad.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Dec. 9.

The Bombay mails of the 25th ultimo arrived at Brindisi to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LISBON, Dec. 9.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, Dec. 11.

The French mail steamer Natal from China, and Sindh from Suez, arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed easier. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4⅛

The Manchester Market has been firm.

7lbs. Shirtings	5-1⅛
8⅓lbs. Shirtings	6-1⅛
40s. Mule Twist	0-8⅛
3 per cent. Consols for account	101⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102⅛
4½ per cent. French Rentes	108
Bar Silver	44 1-16

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	63,000	bales
" " " Surats	7,000	"
" " Imports of Cotton	103,000	"
" " " Surats	Nil.	"
" Stock of Cotton	582,000	"
" Surats	99,000	"
" Stock of Cotton in London	31,000	"

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(DECEMBER 11.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect *Via* Amoor, perfect. *Via* Penang, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY NIGHT, Dec. 10.

10 p.m. ... 75·5

SUNDAY, Dec. 11.

6 a.m.	71·8
10 a.m.	77·1
2 p.m.	82·0
4 p.m.	81·8

A VARIETY of rulings on income tax liability, as it affects the Army and its officers, have been recently confirmed, and in some cases are of general interest. The gratuity for the Burma campaign is free of the tax ; and all troops serving in Burma have been exempted from payment during the coming financial year. A capital sum paid to an officer in commutation of a pension, whole or part, is not liable ; nor are the command and staff allowance of Volunteer officers, they being officers of her Majesty's forces within the meaning of the Army Act. Detention allowances are classed with travelling allowances, and are therefore exempted. There are same cases which have been decided in the opposite direction, but it is satisfactory to see that they are of a very minor importance and too limited in application to be worth enumerating.

A CURIOUS postal muddle is reported to have taken place in connection with the despatch of the English mail letters from Peshawur during the Viceroy's recent visit. On Lord Dufferin's arrival, a notice was sent to the Viceregal camp by the local Post Master that the latest hour for posting English letters was 6 p.m. on Monday. But on the Monday following, the officer of the railway mail service in charge of the Viceroy's mails made an application at 11 a.m. for the official letter bag, intimating that if the letters were not despatched by the 12 o'clock mail train they were bound to miss the mail steamer at Bombay. As the Commissioner and other residents of Peshawur had been in the habit of posting their letters at 6 p.m. for the last two months, it may be imagined that the news of this discovery spread rapidly, and caused much consternation, and for a time the local Post Master was the best-abused man in the station. As the Viceregal letters were not ready by 11 a.m. on Monday, it was moreover thought necessary to despatch a special engine with the belated letter bag. It is now reported that the local Post Master was right ; and the interesting question arises—who is to pay for the special engine ? The mistake appears to have arisen out of the change made since the mails have been despatched by the Rewari-Ferozepore line.

MR. W. W. TULLOCH, the son of the late Principal Tulloch, has published (Nisbet and Co.) a "Life of the Prince Consort for Boys and Girls." The book has been revised by the Queen, which does not diminish its interest. When the Prince was only eight months old his mother wrote, in French, that he was "superb, and of extraordinary beauty." This may not be exactly evidence, but it is at least testimony to the pretty unconscious bias of motherhood. His grandmother described the infant as resembling "a little squirrel with a pair of large black eyes," but they turned out to be blue. The Queen adds a few notes : the Prince frequently told her that, as a boy, he used to be very sleepy in the evenings. The Prince's attachment to his faithful servant, Cart, is also commemorated in a note by her Majesty. The two men, the Prince and the valet, were united by a common fatherland and common memories. There is not much more that is novel in the work, says the *Daily News*, but it will serve its purpose if it reminds boys, as it should, of a man's duty to his country, as distinct from his party, and of a boy's duty "not to make amusement a business." The life of the Prince has been so fully written that additions were hardly to be expected. A compendium of the chief facts may be serviceable to students who were born long after the death of the Prince.

THE *Madras Times* observes that certificated teachers from normal schools in Lower Burma appear to be as plentiful as B. A.'s are in the Madras Presidency. During the last few years the normal schools in Lower Burma have been sending forth certificated teachers in numbers largely exceeding the demand for them, with the result that many of such teachers are at present without employment. The Director of Public Instruction, Rangoon, has proposed to reduce considerably the teaching staff of the normal schools, and the number of pupils admitted annually for training. At the same time, in order to provide posts for the many certificated teachers at present unemployed, he proposes to make certain changes in the salary-grant rules which have the effect of extending the area of employment. The Director's proposals are now under consideration of the Chief Commissioner, who has sought the advice of the Educational Syndicate concerning them. In this Presidency the demand for teachers who have had a normal training appears to be greater than the supply, while applications for admission into female normal schools are larger than it is possible to meet.

BRITISH manufacturers are obviously becoming sorely perplexed as to their trade with China and Japan. It was but the other day that the Manchester Chamber of Commerce despairingly appointed a committee of its body to inquire into the causes of a falling off in the cotton trade with these countries. Now we find the Bradford Chamber eagerly questioning the English Consul at Yokohama, who is at present in England, how they can get over their difficulties in extending their trade in Japan. The Consul (Mr. Russel B. Robertson) is not too sanguine of the success even of Bradford enterprise. It is not easy, he says, to imitate the patterns of textile fabrics which commend themselves to the taste of the Japanese, who are quick, moreover, to detect the slightest deviation and to repudiate the unsuccessful design. Other countries who have given much attention to design have, says Mr. Robertson, given up the attempt, and have sent plain goods to be printed in Japan. The outcome of the discussion, so far as it had any practical result, was the conviction on the part of the Bradford merchants, that it is incumbent upon them to pay more attention to their agencies abroad and to rely less on foreign merchants.

THERE are various opinions as to whether the durbar at Peshawar was a success. "Those well up in the politics of the frontier," says a Peshawar correspondent, "will know whether the proper representatives came from the various tribes, and whether all respect was shown, in that way, to the representative of the Queen-Empress of India. It is said that Rs. 4,000 or more were spent in the trumpery presents or *khilluts* distributed. There surely cannot be two opinions as to the value received. Would not a much greater effect be produced and a much greater benefit conferred on the frontier if, say, Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000 were spent in taking some of those frontier chiefs, who have never been out of sight of their own bare bleak hills, a tour through the country ? Would they not be impressed by their journey down country to Calcutta or Bombay ? If the chiefs of the Khyber were sent on such a tour, in Major Warburton's charge, and shown the railway workshops at the various big stations, the shipping on the river at Calcutta or in the harbour at Bombay, the small arms and gun-powder factories, the Nasmith hammer, and as much machinery as possible at work—being made comfortable, without ceremony all the while—there cannot be a doubt that they would be greatly impressed and would return to their own valleys with wonderful stories of the engine's power and resources. The Khyber chiefs would trust themselves to Major Warburton : they look upon him as a friend and have faith in him, and such a trip, if he were given fairly free scope, must leave a good impression. During the Viceroy's speech, and *its* translation afterwards into Pushtoo, more than one durbari was engaged in quiet converse with his neighbour, and only looked up when one of the red-coated chuprasis dropped a bag of rupees from one of the trays on which the *khilluts* were being carried in.'

REGIMENTAL RIFLE CLUBS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PISHIN, Dec. 2.

THE sixth annual meeting the 19th Bombay Infantry Rifle Club, which has been established in this Corps since 1880, was held at Pishin on the 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th of November. Notwithstanding the large number of detachments furnished by the Regiment (for they have posts from Sibi to Chaman) there were no less than 240 entries for the "Waudby Memorial Contest." This match is always a very popular one with the men. It was instituted in the Regiment as a permanent memorial to perpetuate the memory of Major Waudby, who so gallantly lost his life in the defence of Dubrai in August 1880 ; the prize being a silver watch.

The weather was all that sportsmen could wish for. Keen frost in the morning and a bright and pleasant sun during the day.

The new paper targets on trollies working on double rails were used for the first time. There are 4 target, on each range, and whenever there are 20 hits on a targets, it is run in behind the marker's butts, and a fresh one run out. This saves a great deal of time, the marking is perfect, and 50 per cent. more lead can be collected from the butts, as the bullet sare dug out whole instead of in small fragments as formerly with iron targets in use.

The following are the conditions and scores in the several contests :—

I.—"Waudby Memorial Contest."—Open to all. Entrance annas 4. Distances 200, 500 and 700 yards. Number of shots 5 at each distance.

Anyone failing to score 14 at first or 12 at second distance must retire.

Prizes.—"The Waudby Memorial Prize."—1st a watch value about Rs. 50, 2nd prize Rs. 20, 3rd prize Rs. 15, 4th prize Rs. 10, 5th prize Rs. 5, 6th, 7th and 8th prize Rs. 3. 240 entries.

	Points.
Lce. Havaldar Oosman Khan	42
Lce. Havaldar Ramjee Powar	41
Private Krishnajee Bhagwey	39
Private Dowtrao Sindey	39
Private Gun Meter	38
Private Succaram	38
Private Sukaram Sawant	38
Havaldar Gokrun Jeyalall	37

II.—"Workmen's Prize."—Open to all men who get a full donation of working pay. Entrance annas 4. Distances 200 and 500 yards. Number of shots 5 at each distance.

Prizes.—1st a watch to be given by the working fund, value about Rs. 50, 2nd prize Rs. 10, 3rd prize Rs. 7, 4th prize Rs. 5, 5th, 6th and 7th prize Rs. 3.

	Points.
Havaldar Gungnac Krushnak	31
Lce. Naik Krushnajee Rombee	28
Private Narayenrao Powar	27

III.—"The Kandahar Stakes."—Open to all. Entrance annas 4. Distance 600 yards.

Prizes.—1st prize Rs. 15, 2nd prize Rs. 10, 3rd prize Rs. 7, 4th prize Rs. 5, 5th, 6th, and 7th prize Rs. 3.

	Points.
Lce. Havaldar Oosman Khan	23
Private Bahadoor Sing	22
Lce. Naik Bapoorao Chowan	21

IV.—"The Adjutant's Challenge Shield."—Open to a team of 2 N. C. officers and 10 men from each company. Shield presented by Lieut and Adjutant A. E. Aitkin, 19th Regiment Bo. I. Added money given by the Fund. Entrance annas 2 for each of the team. Conditions as per printed regulations.

Prizes.—N. C. officers of winning squad Rs. 4 each. Privates of winning squad Rs. 2 each.

Number of compnay and names of winning team to be inscribed on the Shield.

1.—To be shot for at the Annual Regimental Rifle Meeting by teams of 1 Havildar, 1 Naik and 10 men from each company.

2.—The company whose team makes the best aggregate score in the following three practices to hold the Shield for one year, and the number of the company with the names of the winning team to be inscribed on the shield.

3.—(*a*) "Squad Trial Stakes." Same conditions as at the Poona Central Meeting.

(*b*) "Volley Firing." 5 volleys at a target of 6 feet square, 500 yards range within 1½ minutes. The team to be formed into two squads in single rank, any military position. squads to consist of 1 N. C. officer and 5 men. The volleys to be fired by squads commencing simultaneously. Points (not exceeding 20) to be taken off for volleys fired irregularly. An officer of the committee to be timekeeper and judge. Dress as for squad trials.

(*c*) 7 rounds at 500 and 7 rounds at 700 yards, any military position, regulation targets and scoring. 2 sighting shots allowed at each distance. Dress drill order.

Won by the "D" Company squad commanded by Lance Havaldar Ramjee Powar, 321 points.

V.—"Squad Trial Stakes."—Open to a team of 1 N. C. officer and 10 men per company. Conditions same as at Poona Rifle Meeting.

Prizes.—N. C. Officer of winning team squad Rs. 5. Each man Rs. 2.

Won by the "E" Company squad commanded by Havaldar Oosman Kan, 75 points.

VI.—"Officers' Match."—Open to all officers, to be fired with Revolvers. Entrance British officers Rs. 4, Native officers Re. 1. Distance 25 yards. Number of shots 5 with each hand.

Prize.—A cup value Rs. 50.

	Points.
Subedar Shaikh Menan Bux	36
Lieut. Hunter	28
Capt. Stevenson	27

VII.—"Section Fire Discipline Stakes"—Open to a team of 1 N. C. officer and 10 men per company. Conditions as per printed regulations.

Prizes.—N. C. Officer of winning team Rs. 5. Each man of winning team Rs. 2.

Squads of 10 men in extended order to fire 3 volleys in 30 seconds at 3 targets placed half left, in front, and half right. N. C. officers commanding squads to estimate the distance for themselves. Targets, canvas, 6ft. × 8ft. Each squad will be marched up the range in turn and halted at a given point. From the command "halt" the N. C. officer commanding will be allowed ½ a minute to give any directions he pleases to his squad to get them ready, for at the end of the ½ minute on the word "commence" his men should be ready kneeling and loaded to come to the present, as the time allowed, *viz* 30 seconds for the 3 volleys to be fired in, will count from the word "commence," ½ a point for every second over this time will be deducted from the score. And points to the total amount of 6 will be deducted for volleys fired irregularly.

An officer of the committee to act as timekeeper and judge.

Won by the "E" Company squad commanded by Havaldar Oosman Khan, with 14 points in 27 seconds.

The prizes were distributed by Mr. Jacob on Monday afternoon.

SUDDEN DEATHS AT SEA.

Two lamentably sudden deaths occurred at sea, on Friday, on board the Rubattino steamer Manilla, whilst about 60 miles from Bombay. The death in one case was that of Mrs. Clarke, wife of Captain A. C. Clarke, Lloyd's Surveyor in this port ; in the other, a native passenger. Mrs. Clarke, it appears, left Genoa on the 20th November, and when she embarked on board the Manilla was in excellent health and spirits. She remained well until Friday, but being taken suddenly ill, died about noon. The native, also taken ill that day, died at seven o'clock, a short time before the pilot went aboard. As two deaths had occurred, the pilot (Mr. Piper) put the vessel into quarantine and sent information to the Health Officer, Dr. McCartie, who, finding that the deaths were not from any infectious disease, released the vessel. Shortly after the arrival of the steamer Captain Clarke boarded her, with the object of meeting his wife, when he was made acquainted with the distressing news. Next morning Captain Macaulay (Captain Clarke's partner) and the pilot conveyed the body ashore in a steam-launch, landing it at the Prince's Dock, whence the *cortege* started. The funeral was largely attended, and the service was read in an impressive manner by the Rev. H. Ellison, Harbour Chaplain.

MR. A. B. MILLER, the Official Assignee, has been appointed to officiate as Official Trustee in place of Mr. F. J. Fergusson, deceased, in addition to his own duties. Mr. A. M. Dunne, Barrister-at-Law, has been appointed Receiver of the Tagore Estate, without security, in place of Mr. Fergusson, deceased.

THE Bengal National Chamber of Commerce has addressed a communication to the Government of Bengal on the subject of the proposed legislation for fixing a uniform and standard measure of length for the whole of British India. They observe that the want of uniformity in the *hath* (cubit) and *guz* (two cubits) in various localities has led to the introduction of false marks on piece-goods and to the consequent loss to buyers and sellers. The Chamber concurs in the new committee appointed to revive the systems of weights and measures, that the English standard of measure is thoroughly appreciated by the mass of the people, and it should therefore remain undisturbed.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE annual inspection of the 2nd Battalion Royal Dublin Fusiliers by the Major-General Commanding the Division commenced on Friday morning at Poona, when the regiment paraded in Review Order.

THE Brigadier-General Commanding, accompanied by the Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, will make the Musketry inspection of the 21st B. I. and the 4th Bombay Rifles at Bandora, to-morrow morning.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL COLLETT, at present Commanding a Brigade in Burma, becomes permanent on the Brigade establishment in Bengal, in succession to Sir John Hudson.

COLONEL B. H. HANNA has been confirmed as a Deputy Judge Advocate.

MAJOR W. A. BROWNE has been appointed Lieutenant-Colonel of the Calcutta Volunteers.

THE movement of the 1st Battalion 4th Goorkhas from Bukloh to the Standing Camp at Madhopore has been countermanded.

D-4, R. A., leave Agra on the 21st instant *en route* for England.

COLONEL E. T. THACKERAY, C.B., V.C., R.E., is about to retire from the Service.

THE Government of India have sanctioned cavalry rates of pay to the men of British infantry, regiments employed as mounted infantry in Upper Burma.

AN excellent piece of work has been done by the small Native Cavalry escort, of the new Boundary Commission. Thirty sowars of the 11th Bengal Lancers, under one Native Officer, have marched from Nowgong to Quetta, thence to Herat, and thence to the scene of the labours of the Commission, not only without a casualty, but without any deterioration in physique of either men or horses. The latter were of course picked animals : but for the men there could not have been much scope for selection in a regiment which has only one squadron of Mahomedans. The fanaticism of the tribes through which the escort had to pass demanded that the sowars should be of that faith ; and in spite of this, the achievement of their passage is one which reflects the greatest credit upon the men themselves, the Native Officer who led them, the Commanding Officer of their regiment, and the 11th Lancers in general. As a long distance cavalry march, averaging at the end of their journey twenty miles a day, the feat deserves record, and will receive, we trust, in due time, a suitable recognition from authority.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

THE following is the state of the Parade of Saturday last :—

Distribution.	Field Officers.	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Staff Sergeants	Sergeants.	Buglers.	Rank & File.	Total.
A Company	1	...	2	...	4	...	12	19
B "	...	...	1	...	1	...	15	17
C "	...	1	...	...	3	...	15	19
D "	...	1	1	2	4	...	20	28
E "	...	...	2	1	...	...	8	11
F "	...	1	1	...	2	...	17	21
I "			1	...	3	3	34	41
K Cadets	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
M					1	...	21	22
N					1	...	14	15
Staff & Band	...	...	...	1	1	...	25	27
Army Staff	...	1	...	2	...	...	5	8
Total	1	4	8	6	20	3	186	228

The following officers were present :—

Lieut-Colonel Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant.

Captain H. S. B. Hodgkinson, Adjutant.

Captains.—Place, Freeborn and Nicholson.

Lieutenants.—Lund, Jefferies, Devlin, Cornforth English, Sharp, English and Prior De Soane.

THE BOMBAY FOXHOUNDS.

THE last meet was at Santa Cruz, when about thirty sportsmen put in an appearance and followed the Master and his beauties across the railway line slightly before daybreak. The morning was mild with little wind and moderate dew, so that we all looked forward to its being a good scenting day, and were not disappointed. In the long grass, alongside the railway, the hounds hit on the line of a traveller and stuck to him well until he was lost close to the Marole caves. Everybody who would could get a start and almost everyone could see part or whole of the run in question. The pace was decidedly good during the first part of the run : a slight check in Chuckla covert allowed stragglers to come up, and then a brisk gallop to the mango tope and down into the valley beyond, where the Jackal swam a tank and was followed by most of the pack. After leaving the water the hounds never got on to proper terms with the Jack again. The scent was evidently very catchy across the hills whereon are the Marole caves, and shortly after passing the caves the Master called the hounds off. On the way home the hounds turned to a line in the open near the village of Soar, but the morning was too far advanced for them to make anything of it. There was absolutely no scent, and the sun was getting hot, so we jogged back to Karegaum, where, after the usual light refreshments and cheroots had been indulged in, we betook ourselves to our respective homes.

The next meet is at the Rifle Butts at Bandora.

THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

THE following is the programme of his Excellency the Governor's visit to Gujarat : —

Dec. 13, Tuesday.—Leave Grant Road Station at 8-35 p.m.

Dec. 14, Wednesday.—Arrive at Ahmedabad at 9-15 a.m. and receive visitors.

Dec. 15, Thursday.—Return visits. Levee at 5-30 p.m.

Dec. 16, Friday.—Darbar.—H. H. the Maharaja of Idar receives K.C.S.I., banquet.

Dec. 17, Saturday.

Dec. 18, Sunday.

Dec. 19, Monday.—Sadra and back by road. His Excellency opens Talukdar's school.

Dec. 20, Tuesday.—Leave Ahmedabad at 7-30 a.m., arrive at Nadiad at 9-10 a.m., drive to Wadtal at 3 p.m., and visit Swami Narayen Temple.

Dec. 21, Wednesday.—Drive to Kaira at 9 a.m., thence to Mehmadabad, leave by train at 3-13 p.m., and arrive at Ahmedabad at 4-5 p.m.

Dec. 22, Thursday.—Leave Ahmedabad at 7-30 a.m., arrive at Godhra at 1-55 p.m., luncheon, and drive to Lunavada.

Dec. 23, Friday.—Stay at Lunavada.

Dec. 24, Saturday.—Drive to Godhra, luncheon, leave for Ahmedabad by Special at 2 15 p.m., and arrive at Ahmedabad at 6-15 p.m.

Dec. 25, Sunday.

Dec. 26, Monday.—Leave Ahmedabad at 7 a.m., arrive at Vadnagar at 12-30 p.m., luncheon, and drive to Idar.

Dec. 27, Tuesday.—Leave Idar, arrive at Vadnagar at 12-50 p.m., luncheon, arrive at Ahmedabad at 5-29 p.m. Lady Reay proceeding to Bombay.

THE Jubilee has not been all-rejoicing. A story comes from East Yorkshire which may read like comedy, but must be tragic in the eyes of the Society for the Preservation of Ancient Monuments. It is a story of the last of the beacon-posts in that part of the country. It was taken from its site on Speeton Beacon-hill in order that the Jubilee bonfire might be lit on the precise spot where it stood. An antiquarian of the neighbourhood watched over the relic jealously. At first it was laid only twenty yards away. The antiquarian, reflecting on the temptations of a bonfire, saw its danger there, and hid it at a greater distance. The bonfire burned and the beacon was saved. Then a labourer was sent to replace it ; but so well was it hidden that it could not be found. The antiquarian proudly disclosed his effectual hiding place, and the beacon was returned to its site ready for re-erection. Day by day the self-constituted guardian of the treasure visited the spot and assured himself of its safety. It had not been re-erected, but there it was saved from the burning. Weeks elapsed and it lay there without danger. All his doubts and fears allayed, the antiquarian stole off for his holiday The next night the beacon disappeared. An old man has since confessed that he chopped it up for firewood. He suffered a tornado of remonstrance, and this was his reply : "Oh ! you can easily get another."

ARRIVAL OF LORD REAY.

LORD AND LADY REAY returned to Bombay from Mahableshwar on Saturday evening last, accompanied by Mr. J. Monteath, Private Secretary ; and Captains Hamilton, Phayre, and Buller, Aides-de-Camp. Colonel the Hon. N. G. Lyttelton, Military Secretary, had preceded their Excellencies to Ahmedabad. The G. I. P. Railway train by which the party travelled in specially reserved saloons was a quarter of an hour behind time, and arrived at the Victoria Terminus about 6-45 p.m. Here a number of officers had assembled to welcome their Excellencies, among whom were Sir Frank Souter, Brigadier-General Heathcote, Commanding the Bombay District ; Colonel Firebrace, Consulting Engineer for Railways ; Colonel La Touche, Superintendent, Army Clothing ; Lieut.-Colonel Bissett, Agent B. B. and C. I. Railway ; Captain Daniell, Commandant of the Governor's Body-guard ; Captain Roupel, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General ; Captain MacMahon, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General ; Mr. W. Lee-Warner, Secretary to Government ; and Prince Samutsingjee of Palitana. Colonel Portman, Superintendent of the G. I. P. Railway Police, accompanied the train from the Byculla Station. Their Excellencies shook hands with several of the gentlemen present, and soon after drove to their residence, Malabar Point, in a carriage and pair, escorted by sowars of the body-guard. A salute of seventeen guns will be fired from the Saluting Battery at sunrise this morning in connection with the Governor's arrival. Their Excellencies leave for Ahmedabad to-morrow night.

"THE BUTLER."

AT the Novelty Theatre, on Saturday night, Mrs. Norville's Comedy Company appeared for the first time on their return visit to Bombay in Merivale's play, "The Butler," which achieved such a decided success at Toole's Theatre. The audience was not large but decidedly appreciative, and a lucrative engagement will, in all probability, be the result, for the piece is full of fun and each of the characters is capably pourtrayed. The scene opens in the house of Sir John Tracey, Kt., a retired manufacturer of mustard, who, like the seed from which he has made his money, has sprung from one of the humblest to be one of the greatest trees of the forest. Sir John and Lady Tracey (Mr. G. Anderson and Mrs. Norville) are discovered disputing as to the necessity or otherwise for the dismissal of the Butler, (Mr. C. D. Smith) who, having been in their service from youth, has gradually become master of the situation, and who cannot address his master as Sir John without giving way to derisive laughter. The subject of conversation changes to the matrimonial prospects of their son, Laurence Tracy (Mr. C. Vane). Sir John wishes him to marry Lady Anne Babbicombe, (Miss Hinson) but Laurence, so soon as he is informed that his father wishes he should settle in life, proposes to, and is accepted by his mother's companion, Alice Marshall (Miss May Anderson). The stern father has been aware that his son was attached to the girl, and orders her out of the house, offering at the same time to give the Butler £500 if he will marry her. But the Butler had betrothed himself to Lavinia, the cook (Miss Emma Markham), a latter-day servant girl, who, having studiously read all the penny novelettes of the time, has become an ultra-romantic young creature, a Mrs. Malaprop of the kitchen, whose quotations about "maiden hinnercence and the gilded 'alls o' vice," would, as the Butler tells her, "give Dr. Watts the shivers." Lady Anne, who is secretly affianced to her cousin Frank St. John (Mr. J. Devon), Lady Annie tells Laurence of her previous attachment and he, assuring her he had no desire to marry her against her will even though both their parents—Sir John and Lord Babbicombe (Mr. Nicholson) had set their minds on it, concoct a plan for defeating the old folks. Assisted by the Butler, the two young couples, having obtained special licenses, go to church and are married. Old Tracey, believing that the Butler is that morning to marry Miss Marshall, hurries him off to church, and when her ladyship is grieving over her departure, Sir John gloats himself upon what he thinks to be the success of his scheme. The *denouement* soon follows, for each returns with his bride. Frank St. John with Lady Anne ; Laurence, to Sir John's mortification, with Alice Marshall, and the Butler with Lavinia. The old Knight's rage at the failure of his plot is admirably feigned by Mr. Anderson. But, in the play, as in all plays, the irate father consents to forgive all round, and the young couples, as a matter of course, live happily ever afterwards.

THE RISKS OF BOMBAY THEATRES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your issue of 5th Nov. I see a comprehensive review of the construction, &c., of Bombay theatres in which the "Novelty" has, of course, come in to be reviewed. But as there is something in the report on the "Novelty" calculated to injure the reputation of the structure, and cause some anxiety in the public mind, and more particularly as the report seems to have been communicated in ignorance of the exact circumstances, care, attention and expenses bestowed upon this house, or at least without full information on the real facts, we beg to address this letter in justice to ourselves and to many European gentlemen and well-qualified men in the structure who advised and zealously worked in bringing about the building of the safest playhouse in the city. I therefore solicit the favour of an insertion in your issue of the following safeguards taken against imminent dangers to life.

To start with, the Theatre within has been painted with a composition of *Cyanide Potash* and other ingredients, proof against fire. Fifty buckets full of *water* and twenty-four baskets full of *earth* are constantly kept in all parts of the Theatre, and a large cask full of water, and fed by a pipe having connection with one of the Vehar Lake pipes, is always kept and watched behind the Theatre. Moreover, Sponge & Co.'s Tube and Grenade combined hand fire extinguisher is kept for ready use in all parts of the Theatre. This will show that no precaution has been spared, so far as the immediate supply of water in case of accident is concerned. As to the means of egress, any danger on this score is, I think, fully remedied by the five large and two small doors on the dais, and I don't see how the means of egress can be called insufficient or unsatisfactory. Indeed, I and my partner had spared no trouble or expense to make the "Novelty" the safest and most comfortable place of entertainment out here, and our recent experience in England, and the fact of the recent Exeter fire at home, greatly helped us in carrying out our object, and in order to make assurance doubly sure an experienced gentleman had surveyed the Theatre recently, the result of which is disclosed in the following report by him :—"This is to certify that I have played at the Novelty Theatre, Bombay, for two nights, and cannot speak too highly of the Theatre and the arrangements made for our comfort. I have not seen a better theatre out of England. I received every assistance from the stage manager, who was most obliging and helped us in every way, as indeed everyone did, connected with the Theatre. The scenery is excellent, the acoustic properties of the Theatre is very good, and the auditorium is most comfortable. I wish the company every success in their new undertaking.

G. H. MOORE LANE,
Major, A. P. D,
Stage Manager, Poona Dramatic Co.

Mhow, 29th October, 1887."

The only thing which was incomplete at the time your reporter called was the handrailings to the side staircases, but these were quite ready at the time for adjustment, and were to be fixed on the morning of the following day, i.e., before I could actually get at the comments in your issue.

I hope that this explanation will be found sufficient to disabuse your mind regarding the precautions that are taken in the Novelty Theatre, and also remove any possible doubt or anxiety which the original text from your reporter may have created in the public mind.—Yours, &c.,

C. M. BALIWALLA,
Managing Proprietor, Novelty Theatre.

THE Dewan Bahadur Ragoonath Rao has framed a Municipal Act for the town of Indore, by which a committee of not less than five members is to be appointed to manage conservancy, education and local improvements and to levy rates and taxes. The appointment of the Committee is to be by nomination or election or both, and not less than two-fifths of the members shall be non-officials. The Durbar reserves to itself the power to remove members and fill up vacancies on the Committee, and to appoint the President and Vice-President. From the Municipal funds the Committee is authorised to provide for the establishment of new schools and the maintenance of existing schools ; for construction, repair and maintenance of public works in general ; and for making provision for public health, safety, comfort and convenience. Municipal taxes may be imposed by the Committee subject to the final sanction of the Durbar.

THE PAREL MYSTERY.

ON Saturday afternoon the coroner, Dr. T Blaney, and the jury at the morgue, Cammatepoora, resumed the inquiry into circumstances connected with the death of the Mahomedan woman, whose body was found lying in a locked box in a ditch on the west side of the B. B. and C. I. Railway line, off the Elphinstone Road Station, on the forenoon of the 24th ultimo.

Inspector Framjee Bhicajee, of the Bombay Detective Police Force, applied to the coroner again to postpone the inquest for a few days, stating, that the two persons supposed to be concerned in the death of the deceased woman were only landed that morning from the s. s. Manilla. They were brought to Bombay from Aden by the vessel, and consequently the Detective Police had not sufficient time to complete their enquiry regarding the matter.

The coroner granted the application and adjourned the inquest to Saturday next, the 17th instant.

THE s. s. Manilla, which arrived in this harbour on Friday night, had on board two Pathan prisoners, named Syud Gool *wallad* Syud Kairvalsh and Noor Mahomed Ameerkhan, together with a little girl, named Gooljar, the daughter of the former prisoner. The two men were arrested on board the s. s. Ware, on her arrival at Aden, by the Resident, in consequence of the telegram sent through Government by Sir Frank Souter. They were forwarded to Bombay, together with the property found in their possession, under an escort of the Aden police. The two prisoners were landed on Saturday morning, and were taken in charge by Inspector Framjee Bhicajee and other detective officers deputed for the duty.

At the Police Commissioner's Office, Byculla, they were placed before Khan Bahadoor Meer Abdool Ali, Superintendent of the Detective Branch of the Bombay Police, who, with the assistance of Inspector Rao Bahadoor Dajee

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The s. s. Gem, 1,361 tons, Captain A. Nichol, sailed from Bombay yesterday, laden with a general cargo for Dunkirk.

The brig Hamed Edroos, which arrived in Bombay yesterday, brought in a cargo of cocoanuts from Patano, a place near Negapatem.

The s. s. Carlton Tower, 1,416 tons, Captain G. M. Hamlyn, arrived in Bombay on Saturday last, laden with timber cargo from Moulmein (Nov. 29) as per orders. Her Bombay Agents are Messrs. Boyts, Craig and Co.

The ship Lowther Castle, 1,824 tons, Captain C. Scarboro, arrived in Bombay harbour on Friday evening last, laden with a cargo of 2,830 tons of coals from Cardiff, which port she cleared on the 21st July last, for the B. I. S. N. Co. The Captain being the ship's consignee.

The Italian steamer Manilla, 2,713, tons, Captain A. Cruciani, having left Genoa on the 21st November, arrived in this port on Friday night, laden with a general cargo and with the following passengers on board. On the 3rd instant, she called at Aden and took on board under an escort of police constables, the two pathans, charged with being implicated in the Parsi murder. The names of her cabin passengers are :—From Genoa.—Mrs. Tower, sister and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Logyn and infant, Mr. H. J Ennson. Mr Lock, Mr. and Mrs Wells, Mr Miller, Mr Liathier, Mr S Guttman, Mr Laurent, Mrs Chatfield, Mrs Friedmann, Mr De Souza Larcher, Capt A Tognasso, Mr W Mitchell, Mr Mc Mullin, Mr and Mrs Batman, Miss Boosey, Major and Mrs Newman, Mr and Mrs Evans, Mr and Mrs Gale, Mr and Mrs Hoaking and infant, Mrs A De Laessoe, child and servant. Siga Zemira Ghilardie and 3 children, Miss Foy, Mr and Mrs Foy, Rd Lutz, Rd Schmidt, Mr A Kaegor, Sig G Felitti, Mr B Pasquale, Mr M Antonio. From Suez—1 deck passenger. From Aden—Rev Beak and 21 deck passengers.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA MAILS.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Peshawur, 2,158 tons, sailed on Saturday last for China and Australia, with mails and a general cargo, under command of Captain W. A. Wheler. She has the following passengers on board :—Miss Cumberland, Major H. J. Lugard, and Mrs. Melbourne—For Melbourne ; Mr. Bushby—For Shanghai ; Mr. Tugwell—For Hongkong ; and Mr. W. Darkin, and Mr. Mothersill—For Colombo.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

10th December, 1887.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Gem	1361	A. Nichol	A	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Victoria	2207	W. Russell	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Peshawur	3927	W. A. Wheler	C	P. & O. Co.
,, Zambesi	1540	Preston	D	P. & O. Co.
,, Ross Shire	1261	W. Hewat	E	W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Rialto	1798	F. Kerr	F	F. Muir & Co.
,, C. Ogilvie	1587	D. Millar	G	F. Muir & Co.
,, Bisagno	1493	Aufolo	K	F. Bozzoni.
,, Hazara	1327	D. Campbell	M	B. I. S. N. Co.
,, Peveril	1974	A. Burgess	N	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Inchgarvie	1728	M. T. Moss	O	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Inchulwa	1463	G. Hough	P	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Hampstead	1448	E. Jones	Q	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Avoca	904	C. Clyhoe	Ibis	Visram Ebrahim & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
9	Lowther Castle	Scarboro	Cardiff, July 21.
	Manilla (s)	Cruciani	Genoa, Nov. 21.
10	Carlton Tower (s)	Hamlyn	Moulmein, Nov. 29.
11	Hamed Edroos	Nakoda	Negapatam, Nov. 22

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
10	Ross Shire (s)	Hewat	Point de Galle.
	Lawada (s)	Sanders	Galle.
	Peshawar (s)	Wheler	China.
11	Gem (s)	Nichol	Dunkirk.

The following vessels were entered on Saturday last :—
Steamer Ancona, for Trieste, &c.
Peveril, for Aden and Mussowa.
Brig Amizade, for Damaun.

CALCUTTA.

Dec. ARRIVALS.

6	Vellore	Yeo	Cape Town, Oct. 5.
	Hereford	Jensen	London, Aug. 17.
	Nerbudda s	Allen	Singapore, Nov. 23.
	Tanais s	Lugan	Colombo, Nov. 28.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 6.—Ships Suakim and Mysore.

MADRAS.

Dec. ARRIVALS.

5	Clan Alpine s		Coconada.
	Pekin s		London.
6	Goa		Calcutta.
	Tibre s		Calcutta.
	Himalaya s		Negapatam.
	Bucephalus s		Sydney.
7	India s		Calcutta.
	D. of Devonshire s		Calcutta.
8	Shahjehan s		Calcutta.
	Ellora s		Rangoon.

Dec. DEPARTURES.

6	Tibre s	Pondy. & Colombo.
	Goa s	Bombay.
7	Pekin s	Calcutta.
8	Himalaya s	Rangoon.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 9th December, 1887.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·914
Temperature of the Air	78·5
Wet Bulb Termometer	70·3
Dew Point	66·5
Relative humidity of Air	·669
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =10)..	0·4
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	85·8
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.)	70·1
General Directions of Wind*	N, ENE, WNW, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	281

* From midnight to midnight.

HIGH COURT.—December 12.

(Before the Hon'ble the Acting Chief Justice.)

To speak to the minutes of decree.

119-87—Janardhen G—Runchordas Surji and another vs Camarbai and another.—Hore C and B.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

123-87—Macfarlane E and H—Hormusji Cursetji Dubash and others vs. Sonabai and others—Mansuklal and D and Pestonji and R—Part heard.

30-87—Jefferson B and D—Sakharam Gungaram Udar and another vs Tulsibai and another—Mirza H. K.

277-86—Macfarlane, E and H—M. B. Alvares and another vs P G. Abreo—Nanu and H.

346-87—Ardesir and D—Oosman Jamal and another vs Joosul Hajee Ahmed—Macfarlane E and H.

To vary Commissioner's report.

9-80—Chalk W and S.—Madhowrao Dinnanath vs. Annundrao Dinanath—Little S F and N.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Scott.)

For dismissal under Rule 64.

443-87—Payne G and S—Mahomedally Noorbhai and others vs. Khooshal Pitamber—Jefferson B and D.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

248-87—Thakurdas D and C—Lallji Kutchra and others vs. Dhurrumsey Kara and another.—Little, S F and N.—Part heard.

For taking orral evidence.

Chalk W and S for petitioners—In the matter of the Indian Companies Act 1882 and in the matter of the Machine Exchange Co—Bomonji and H—(For share holders.)

Long Causes.

323-87—Jefferson, B and D—Cowasji Huttonji Limboowala vs. Burjorji Rustomji Limboowala and others—Chalk, W and S.

136-87—T A Bland—For pauper—C G Bigglie vs. W Bigglie and another.

340-86—Thakurdas D and C—Gulamhoosen Khan Mahomed and another vs. Veerji Damji—Wadia and G.

25-87—Craigie L and O—Nathubhai Shamlal and another vs Gulamhoosen Abdoolalli—Mansuklal and D.

374-87—Jefferson B and D—C A Turner vs. H H Aga Akbarsha—Thakurdas D and C.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—December 9.

Thatcher, Captain Bo., D. A. A. G., for Musketry, on inspection duty, from Karachi.

Cunningham, Bg. Mr., Bo., 7th Dragoon Guards, off leave, from Australia.

Le Messurier, Col., Bo., R. E., from furlough, from England.

December 10.

Renny, Lt., Bo., R. A., on duty, from Shilong.

Newman, Surgeon-Major, Bengal Med. Dept., from sick leave, from England.

DEPARTURES.—December 9.

Thatcher, Capt., Bo., D. A. A. G., for Musketry, on inspection duty, to Aden.

December 10.

Povak, Major, Bo., Comdt., Colaba Depôt, on leave, to Bijapur.

December 11.

Sawyer, Capt., Bo., Q. M. G's. Dept., on duty, to Baroda.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 12th December, 1887.

1. There will be drill at the following places until further orders :—

At the Oval, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6-30 a.m.

At the P. and O. Dockyard, Mondays and Fridays, at 5 p.m.

At the Byculla School, Mondays, and Thursdays, at 5 p.m.

At the Byculla Scottish School, Mondays and Fridays, at 4 p.m.

At the St. Peter's School, Mazagon, Tuesdays and Thursdays, at 4 p.m.

At the Queen's Statue, Mondays and Wednesdays, at 5-15 p.m.

At the Indo-British Institution, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 4 p.m.

At the Grant Road Steam Bakery's Compound, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6-40 a.m.

At the Cathedral High School, and John Connon School, Cadets will parade at the Queen's Statue and Oval as above.

2. The following is published for information :—

Time table for practice and competition for the "Bayley Shield" and "Wyer Cup."—

A Company, practice for "Bayley Shield," 3rd Jan., and fire the competition on the 7th Jan.

A Company, practice for "Wyer Cup," 10th Jan., and fire the competition on the 14th Jan.

B Company, practice for "Bayley Shield," 4th Jan., and fire the competition on the 9th Jan.

B Company, practice for "Wyer Cup," 11th Jan., and fire the competition on the 16th Jan.

C Company, practice for "Bayley Shield," 2nd Jan., and fire the competition on the 6th Jan.

C Company, practice for "Wyer Cup," 9th Jan., and fire the competition on the 13th Jan.

D Company, practice for "Bayley Shield," 5th Jan., and fire the competition on the 10th Jan.

D Company, practice for "Wyer Cup," 12th Jan., and fire the competition on the 17th Jan.

E Company, practice for "Bayley Shield," 12th Jan., and fire the competition on the 16th Jan.

E Company, practice for "Wyer Cup," 3rd Jan., and fire the competition on the 6th Jan.

F Company, practice for "Bayley Shield," 11th Jan., and fire the competition on the 14th Jan.

F Company, practice for "Wyer Cup," 2nd Jan., and fire the competition on the 5th Jan.

Light Horse, practice for "Bayley Shield," 13th Jan., and fire the competition on the 17th Jan.

Light Horse, practice for "Wyer Cup," 4th Jan., and fire the competition on the 7th Jan.

3. The adjourned meeting of the Regimental Committee will be held on Thursday next, at 5-30 p.m., at Head-Quarters.

4. Officers Commanding Companies are requested to notify to Head-Quarters any changes that may have occurred in their representatives on the Regimental Committee.

5. As boxes of ammunition are issued to Companies for practice, officers commanding are requested to inform their companies that rounds will only be issued from the regimental boxes, only on payment or for class-firing.

6. The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date, and posted to "F" Company :—

No. 2595 Vol. E. J. Thorby, No. 2596 Vol. C. Branch, and No. 2597 Vol. P. Crasto.

Bombay Light Horse.

The following orders are notified :—

7. There will be drill with swords at the Riding School, at 7 a.m., on Tuesday, 13th inst., for all members.

8. There will be a Commanding Officer's Parade at 6-45 a.m., on Saturday next, the 17th inst., on the Kennedy Sea-face.

By Order,

(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON, Capt. & Adjutant,
Bombay Vol. R. Corps.

BATTERY ORDERS

By Major G. W. Roughton, Comdt.

Bo. Vol. Arty.

Bombay, 12th December, 1887.

For the week ending 17th inst :—

1. On Saturday, the 17th December, the Battery will parade at 4-45 p.m. sharp in front of Sir R. Temple's Statue on the Oval for Company Drill. Full uniform with helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn.

2. There will be standing gun drill for recruits on Tuesday evening, at 5 p.m., in the Arsenal compound.

3. Squad Drill with carbines will be held in rear of the Town Hall on Wednesday morning, at 6-30 a.m., and in front of Grant Buildings on Thursday morning, at 6-30 a.m.

4. The Instructors will attend at the Rifle Range at Coorla on Wednesday afternoon, at 4-30 p.m. and on Friday morning at 6-30 a.m. Members can attend the Range on other mornings and evenings, but must make their own arrangements for markers.

5. On Thursday evening Lieut. Wingfield, R.A., will deliver his 4th lecture on Gunnory at the Volunteer Club, commencing at 9 p.m.

6. Members able to attend the Field-day on the 31st instant are requested to send their names at once to the Adjutant.

7. The following gentlemen have joined the Battery as honorary members :—No. I.W. J. Best, Esq., and No. 2. E. W. Campbell, Esq.

By Order.

(Sd.) ARTHUR LESLIE, Captain,
Actg. Adjutant Bo. Vol. Artillery.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

Adjutant-General's Office, Head-Quarters.

Poona, 9th Dec. 1887.

The C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointments :—

3rd Bo Lt Cavy.—Surgeon A P Anderson, to officiate in medical charge.

2nd Bo I.—Lieut S M Edwardes, Wing Officer and Offg Adgt to be Wing Officer and Adjt vice Capt Leslie who vacates the appointment on promotion.

8th Bo I.—Surgeon C H L Meyer, to officiate in medical charge.

17th Bo I.—Capt J W Gordon, S C, Wing Officer, 16th Bo I., to officiate as Wing Commander.

20th Bo I.—Surgeon J Macgregor to the medical charge vice Surgeon H P Dimmock appointed Civil Surgeon, Shikarpore.

Lieut W G Alban, S C, Wing Officer, 13th Bo I, is attached to the 27th Bo L I for duty in the same capacity.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, War Office, it is intimated that Lts J P Langley, D 2, R A, has been promoted Captain into 5-1, Northern Division.

With reference to G O G No 596 of the 30th ultimo, Capt Bayly, D A Q M G, is posted to the Northern Division.

The undermentioned Officer has leave of absence:—

2nd N S Regt.—Major R H Tyacke, in extension to remain at Lahore from 14 Dec 1887 to 14 Feb 1888, on private affairs.

Pensioned 1st Grade Apothecary J Prom, late of the Sub-Medical Department, was granted leave in India on P. A, from 5th June to 3rd Augt 1887 both days inclusive. (This cancels the privilege leave granted to him by the General Officer, Commanding Quetta Dist, in District Order No. 677 of 1st June, 1887.)

The University of Allahabad, as represented by the Committee of Studies in Arts, the local paper assures us, is buckling to its work in real earnest. On Monday, the 5th instant, this Committee sat conducting business from 5 to 10 p.m., pretty solid work for those officers and others who had been carrying on their usual daily work in office hours. Not content with thus losing their dinners, the Committee on the next morning gave up their breakfasts also to the cause of promoting learning, sitting again in grave consult from 8 to 12 a.m. Adjourning two hours for lunch, the Committee reassembled at 2 p.m. and did not break up till 7 p.m., thus devoting 14 hours out of 26 to the business of the University. It understands a great deal of important and solid work was satisfactorily settled, and the foundations of the University are being truly and squarely laid.

THE QUEEN AND THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPALITY.

At a meeting of the Calcutta Municipal Commissioners on December 9, the reply of the Queen Empress to the Municipal address was laid before the meeting. Sir Henry Harrison explained that an exceptional favour which had been enjoyed by the Calcutta Corporation was in receiving a reply from the Queen-Empress bearing her signature. It arose from the fact that, having been in England at the time, he had the honour of going down to Windsor and presenting the address which the Corporation had forwarded. Her Majesty most graciously was pleased to receive the address, and handed the reply which he now took the opportunity of laying before the Commissioners.

Maharaja Narendra Krishna moved that the gracious reply from her Majesty the Queen-Empress to the Municipal address be deposited in the archives of the Municipality. In making the motion, he said :—

It would, indeed, be superfluous on my part to enumerate the numerous benefits which have been conferred on our country during her Gracious Majesty's reign, not the least among which are the development of its resources, the increase in the happiness and contentment of its people, and the peaceful and the steady growth of its institutions to which her Majesty has been pleased to allude in her acknowledgment of our address. Need I say, gentlemen, that these happy results are to a great extent due to the warm and unceasing interest which her Majesty has always evinced in the affairs of this country ? I humbly and earnestly pray that Almighty God may prolong her life for many more years to come, and that we, her loyal subjects, may continue to enjoy those blessings of peace and prosperity which she has conferred on us.

A SENSATIONAL TRAGEDY.

The *Morning Post* claims to be in possession of the details of a most sensational tragedy, but it refrains for the present from publishing the names of the principal actors in the gruesome business or of the places in which the scene lies. It says :—

In some particulars the crime is not unlike that for which Wainwright expatiated his guilt on the scaffold some years ago, but the reputed murderer is not an European merchant but an Indian prince. It will be remembered that in the case at home the unfortunate victim's remains were placed in a box, and that through a pure accident the nature of the contents became known to the workmen employed by Wainwright with the result that the latter was arrested, tried, condemned and hanged. And something almost similar happened in connection with the tragedy about which we have been furnished with information. A large box arrived at——, owing to the fearful stench that came from it, the servants of the sender opened it and discovered the remains of one of their master's child-wives. Enough was seen to show that the poor girl had come to her death in a most horrible manner, and the corpse was then buried. It appears that the titled villain suspected the girl of infidelity, and adopted a means of punishment which could result in only one way. She was requested to sit upon some red hot shot, and naturally was a long time making up her mind to face the ordeal. The sattellites of the fiendish husband thereupon thrust the miserable little thing on the glowing balls and held her there whilst the flesh literally roasted. She was then released only to fall fainting on the floor. She never regained consciousness, and died in a few hours from the shock and the injuries received. A more revolting business it is impossible to conceive, and it will scarcely be credited that the author is allowed to roam through his relative's territory without let or hindrance. The Political Officer has been made acquainted with all the circumstances, and we trust that he will move to bring the instigator of the atrocity to justice.

EXPLOSION OF A POWDER MAGAZINE AT AMOY.

A correspondent of the Hong-Kong paper, writing from Amoy on November 19, gives the following account of a terrible disaster caused by the explosion of a Powder Magazine at Amoy :—

At 2-30 p.m. a terrible explosion was heard in Amoy and at the same time the windows and ceilings commenced to fall in the houses in the foreign settlement. On looking in the direction of the noise a dark cloud was observed to rise, showing that the Powder Magazine situated at Eh-mungkang had blown up, and I have heard that there is a terrible loss of life, as the Magazine was situated in a thickly-populated neighbourhood.

In the houses in the foreign settlement at Kulansoo there is hardly a sound pane of glass or a whole ceiling. The explosion must have been heard for several miles.

5 p.m.—The explosion took place at 2-06 p.m., not at 2-30 as in my first letter.

I have just been over the scene of the disaster. The Magazine is one pile of dirt, and everything within a radius of 500 yards is one heap of ruins; in the fields in the vicinity large banian trees, about 8 feet diameter near the ground, are bodily uprooted. After the explosion a fire took place through the houses falling, and it speedily burned down about 100 houses, but was eventually stopped by the sea beach, as the wind was fortunately blowing that way. The people are very quiet apparently stupified by the explosion. Wherever you turn you are likely to see a hand or leg or some other part of a human body. During the fire some wretches were as heartless as to commence looting. One strange thing is that a large joss-house near the Magazine, with small plaster figures on the roof, has almost entirely escaped. The figures are all intact, but the doors of the joss-house were blown in. Otherwise no damage was done to the building, although the houses round were completely wrecked.

The *Overland China Mail*, referring to the accident, says :—

'Disasters never happen singly' is a saying which is very applicable at the present moment. Scarcely had we learned the details of the appalling Wahyeung disastar than a conflagration the like of which has not been seen here for years, broke out in Hangkong and swept away some 30 houses, causing the loss of two lives ; and now the evil genius that seems hovering round the coast has alighted on Amoy and claimed crowds of victims. The Powder Magazine which has exploded is, we believe, connected with the forts which are a little to the south of Eamungkang, a populous suburb to the South of Amoy.

The large fort nearest the village is of a rather formidable nature, and is well mounted with guns. Close to the forts are a sort of fortified barracks in which the soldiers live. There are generally about 1,000 soldiers in these barracks. Provision is made for 5,000, but although that number is on the list four-fifths of the men are earning their livelihood in the town and would form at the most but a reserve to fall back upon. We can only guess at the details of the accident. Judging from the great loss of life, we should suppose that a large number of soldiers had been victimised. There is also a large number of coolies generally hanging about the place, and many of them may have lost their lives. The race-course, too, is not far distant. The flames must have spread from the forts to the village mentioned, which is most densely peopled and where a conflagration might entailed very serious consequences. Fortunately the foreign settlement, being on the other side of the harbour, is at a safe distance from the scene of the catastrophe.

A GHOST STORY.

The age of superstition is not quite over. The Man in the Iron Mask is still seen by imaginative persons from time to time, and there are periods when a wave of superstition passes over whole districts and demoralises communities. Such times afford to strong-minded youth a rare opportunity for practical joking. The ghost walks when the public fear of him invites him so do so, and Spring-heel Jack, though he ought by this time to have become very stiff in the joints, is ready to achieve his marvellous feats with the same alacrity as in the days of our boyhood. This mysterious personage is credited with having made several appearances lately in the neighbourhood of Liverpool. Though the cemetery is his favourite haunt he has not scrupled to show himself in the neighbourhood of gaslights and policemen, yet has always succeeded in darting into darkness when there was any question of capture. The nineteenth century apparition has dangers to encounter that were unknown in the part, for in spite of the strange hold that superstition has upon the multitude there are among us a few sceptical and inquiring minds. Yet the dangers are not always incurred by the ghost. On the authority of the *Liverpool Post* we learn that a man who was determined to lay the ghost used his stick with great effect the other evening upon a weird-like figure. His zeal surpassed his judgment. It was not the pretended ghost that was abroad, but only a neighbour's maid, who innocently venturing out with a shawl round her head, was thus violently assaulted. Another servant girl who thinks she has seen the apparition has lost her senses. When this ghost is caught he will have much to answer for.

EDISON'S WONDERFUL TELEPHONE

Mr. Edison has been interviewed by a reporter of the *New York World* with reference to the wonderful new telephone which he has invented. In reply to the reporter's questions, he said :—

There were all sorts of objections in detail to my first instrument. It weighed about one hundred pounds ; it cost a mint of money to make ; no one but an expert could get anything intelligible back from it ; the record made by the little steel point upon a sheet of tin foil lasted only a few times after it had been put through the phonograph. I myself doubted whether I should ever see a perfect phonograph, ready to record any kind of ordinary speech and to give it out again intelligibly. But I was perfectly sure that if we did not accomplish this, the next generation would. And I dropped the phonograph and went to work upon the electric light certain that I had sown seed which would come to something. For ten years the phonograph has come in my brain automatically and almost periodically. I would turn it over and over mentally when I had nothing else to think about. When I couldn't sleep at night, when travelling, when worried about business affairs, I would think the phonograph over and jot down any new ideas for future experiments. Eight months ago I began laboratory work upon it again, and a month ago I stopped because I could see no further improvement to be made. It is a finished machine—simple, cheap, effective, not liable to get out of order, and it does everything that I ever hoped the perfect phonograph might do.

My phonograph will occupy about as much space on the merchant's desk, or at the side of the desk, as a typewriter does. It will work automatically by a small electric motor, which runs at a perfectly regular rate of speed, is noiseless, and starts or stops at the touch of a spring. Suppose the merchant wishes to write a letter ; he pulls the mouthpiece of the phonograph to him, starts the motor with a touch and says what he has to say in an ordinary tone of voice. When he is done he pulls out a little sheet and rolls it up for the mail. The recipient places this sheet in a similar phonograph, touches the motor spring, and the instrument will at once read out the letter in a tone more distinct, clearer, more characteristic of the voice of the writer than any telephone you or I have ever heard. The phonograph voice is not a loud voice, perhaps not more than twice as loud as the soundyou get from a good telephone, and an earphone will be necessary. This, however, may not be an objection, inasmuch as people do not always want to have their letters heard all over the office. In aiming for loudness in the phonograph, I went astray in my first experiment ; I should have tried for clearness. The present apparatus will satisfy any one who is half satisfied with the telephone. Of course, there are no disturbances in the phonographic message such as those made by induction along a telephone wire, and as the apparatus will repeat the letter over and over again, it is possible to understand every syllable, even in a noisy office. I was so overcome with the success of my first instrument, finished about six weeks ago, that I doubted whether I could make another equally good, and I went to work at once to do so ; my second instrument works as well as the first, and I have forty workmen employed in making the tools for the manufacture of the first lot of 500 phonographs. They will cost $ 60 apiece.

Now for some speculation as to what people may do with the phonograph. I am confident that it will be found in the office of every busy man. I am confident that the editor and the reporter of the future will never think of losing time by writing with a pen or dictating to a stenographer when the printer can set type better from the dictation of the phonograph than he can from copy. I have already perfected an apparatus which allows the phonographic message to be given out in pieces of ten words each. The printer touches a pedal with his foot and the phonograph says ten words. If he sets the ten correctly he touches the pedal again and gets ten words more. If he is in doubt he tries another pedal which makes the phonograph repeart. In the future some method may be found of combining the phonograph and the telephone—that is to say, the phonograph may be made so delicate as to take down the sound from a telephone and give it out again when wanted. As yet I have not attempted any such thing. The vibrations of the telephone diaphragm are too delicate for use in the ponograph. In business I think that the phonograph will be used everywhere. Outside of business it is hard to say exactly to what uses it may be put. As it will record and repeat any kind of musical sound, and as the process of duplicating the phonograph, as I call my sheet of metal which has passed through the phonograph and become impressed with certain sounds, is very cheap, the phonogram copy of a lecture, a book, a play or an opera need cost but a trifle.

For music I know that you will simply laugh when I tell you what I have done with the two instruments that I have finished. I have got the playing of an orchestra so perfectly that each instrument can be heard distinct from the rest ; you can even tell the difference between two pianos of different makes ; you can tell the voice of one singer from another ; you can get a reproduction of an operatic scene in which the orchestra, the chorus and the soloists will be as distinct and as satisfactory as opera in this sort of miniature can ever be made. Opera by telephone has been done in Paris and London more or less successfully, but the phonograph will eclipse the telephone for this purpose beyond all comparison, and phonographic opera will cost nothing, because the phongram can be passed through the phonograph, if necessary, a thousand times in succession, and once the machine is bought there is no other cost beyond the trifle for phonograms. For books the phonogram will come in the shape of a long roll wound upon a roller. To make the first phonographic copy of a book some good reader must of course read it out to the instrument : once that is done, duplication to any number of thousand or million copies is a simple mechanical work, easy and cheap. Now, just think a moment what that means.

"Suppose you are sick, or blind, or poor, or cannot sleep. You have a phonograph, and the whole world of literature and music is open to you. The perfected phonograph is going to do more for the poor man than the printing press. No matter where he is the poor man can hear all the great lecturers of the world, can have all the great books read to him by trained readers, can hear as much of a play or an opera as if he was in the next room to the theatre, and all this at a cost scarcely worth mentioning. I remember that when the telephone was first announced it was said that now people in the wilds of Africa or America might assist nightly at the performances of the Paris Opera-House ; the wires from that favored spot might run to all parts of the world. Well, we have not yet got to that, although it is a scientific possibility for the future to perfect in detail. But the phonograph will make such a thing perfectly easy. The phonographic record of a performance at the Paris Opera-House can be duplicated by the thousand and mailed to all parts of the world. I don't know but that the newspaper of the future will be in the shape of a phonogram and the critic will give his readers specimens of the performance and let them hear just how the future Parti did her work, well or otherwise. This sounds like the wildest absurdity, and yet, when you come to think of it, why not ? Have I told you enough to make you believe that I am joking ? Well, I am nothing of a joker and this is all the most sober kind of statement. Within two months from now the first phographs will be in the market.

After shielding him as long as possible, the Madrid Government has recalled the Governor of the Island of Puerto Rico, whose arbitrary conduct in a few months has caused a serious political agitation, and played into the hands of the Separatists in the colony, which was formerly more loyal than Cuba. The West India senators and deputies have proved to the Minister of the Colonies that General Palacios has prosecuted and fined the Liberals and Autonomists, caused prisoners in gaol to be severely beaten, and inflicted torture on other prisoners by which they have frequently lost the use of their hands. This was done in order to obtain revelations about an alleged Autonomist conspiracy. Several of the prisoners in despair committed suicide. Even British and American residents have been maltreated by the authorities, despite the protests of the foreign consular body. The West India Deputies also showed the Minister of the Colonies that the Governor of Puerto Rico tampered with the administration of justice, and seized telegrams and letters. Lately he had prevented the embarkation of the delegates sent to lay the grievances of the colony before the home Government, and even imprisoned them. The Madrid Press called for a searching inquiry.

The Government have directed the Admiral on the West African Station to institute an inquiry into the circumstances attending the deportation of King Ja Ja from Opobo a few months ago. The charges against Ja Ja are that he has endeavoured to levy blackmail on the European merchants who wish to trade with the natives of the interior, and that when Consul Johnston interfered, he incited the natives to acts of resistance to British authority. Ja Ja denies that there is any foundation for these imputations upon his good faith, and declares that he has adhered strictly to the Treaty which he signed at the time of the establishment of the British Protectorate. Pending the decision of the Foreign Office, Ja Ja was conveyed in a vessel of war from his own country to Accra, and is detained there as a State prisoner. Shortly before his arrest he sent his son and two chiefs to England to explain his conduct. On their return they were detained at Accra, where they will remain until the case is finally decided by the British Government. No doubt exists that the inquiry which Lord Salisbury has ordered will give general satisfaction on the West Coast.

GREAT DISASTER ON THE CANTON RIVER.

A telegram received from Colombo last week announced the burning of the river steamer, the Wahyeung, of 313 tons, trading between Hongkong and Canton, when about three hundred Chinese Passengers perished. A Hongkong paper writes :—

The terrible disaster occurred about nine o'clock when the vessel was about half-way on her journey, and near to Chun Pee Point. The Wahyeung, which was owned by Sin Kee of the Nam-pak Hong, Hongkong, left this port about five o'clock yesterday afternoon, with about 500 Chinese passengers and a general cargo, the unusually large number of passengers being accounted for by the exodus of visitors that has been taking place since the close of the Jubilee celebrations in this Colony. The ship was densely crowded with these holiday-makers, a large proportion of whom were women and children. All went well until the hour mentioned, when, suddenly, the alarm was raised that fire had broken out in the after-hold. The alarm was only too well founded. What the origin of the fire was has not yet been discovered—the only conjecture with regard to it is that some of the Chinese passengers had been smoking down below and had carelessly set fire to some material of an inflammable character amongst the cargo—but it was evident that the fire had got a serious hold before any measures could be taken to prevent its spreading. The second engineer, Mr Hannan, who was the first of the officers to notice the beginning of the conflagration, immediately informed the Captain, Mr De Witt, who, having called the Chief Engineer, Mr Charles Chambers, to accompany him, went to see what could be done. They attempted to go down the companion way, but by that time the thick suffocating smoke from the burning cargo and timber was coming up in so dense a mass that to descend with the hope of coming up again alive was impossible. The officers, after one or two efforts to get down, gave up the attempt and ran forward. By this time the crowd of Chinese passengers were in a state of the wildest excitement, and the scene on deck was one of the utmost panic and confusion. Scarcely had the officers reached the forward part of the vessel when a vast mass of flame rose above the after-hold and driven by the wind, which was blowing from aft, sped forward with dreadful rapidity, and in a few seconds the ship was burning from stem to stern. An attempt was made to get out the life-boats, but it was impossible to get near them. In this awful state of matters it was found that absolutely nothing could be done except to turn the vessel's head on to the beach. The mass of human beings on deck had crowded forward before the fire as it swiftly advanced, until there was no room for further retreat, and those who did not throw themselves overboard were devoured by the flames. In the frantic crush which took place many of the women and children met a death little less horrible than that of burning, while of those who in desperation flung themselves from the fated ship but few escaped drowning. The fearful spectacle of the blazing ship was seen from other vessels at a considerable distance, and what help could be rendered was readily given ; but in so short a time as there was for making any efforts to save life it was but little that could be done. The Captain and officers, the only Europeans on board, barely escaped with their lives. The engineers had been driven from the engines soon after the fire was observed, but the vessel continued to go full speed towards the beach. The officers were in momentary expectation of an explosion occurring and had given up all hope of ever leaving the vessel alive. Fortunately for them, however, no explosion did take place, and a few seconds after the ship touched the bank of the river they leapt into water the deck being then burning under their feet. They could all swim except Chambers, the chief engineer, but he, thanks to Captain de Witt's gallant efforts, was safely taken on shore with the others—Hannan, the second engineer, and Sindel, the chief officer. As the Wahyeung struck the beach a boat of the s. s. Pasig came round the Point and succeeded in picking up about fifty of the passengers out of the water. The s. s. Powan, which was astern of the Wahyeung going up the river, also despatched a boat to the rescue, in which about twenty passengers were saved. A few were saved by the steam launch Kam Wah belonging to the Tok Kee, and by Chinese Customs boats. About a hundred altogether succeeded in getting ashore from the burning vessel.

We are informed that the Wahyeung had on board, including the crew, about 620 persons. Among the passengers were about 20 children. The cargo consisted of 100 pieces of lead, 21 cases of opium, and over 100 packages of merchandise. There was no kerosene oil on board.

The officers of the Wahyeung, with the exception of the Captain and chief mate who remained by the burning vessel, arrived here with the Pasig about half-past four this morning. The owner of the ill-fated steamer left in a steam launch about six o'clock for the scene of the disaster. The Wahyeung, we understand, was not insured. Among the rumours prevailing with regard to the disaster was one that the vessel had a large quantity of kerosene oil on board, but this, we are assured, was not the case. Another rumour equally unfounded was that the catastrophe was the work of incendiaries.

The Committee of the Tung Wah Hospital have despatched four steam launches to the scene of the disaster for the purpose of picking up bodies.

PERSONAL NARRATIVE.

The chief engineer of the Wahyeung, Mr. Charles Chambers, gives the following account of the disaster :—

We left Hongkong about half-past five last night on our usual run to Canton with Chinese passengers and cargo. We went along all right till about nine o'clock, when the second engineer, Mr. Hannan, discovered fire in the after-hold. He came up immediately and informed the Captain, who called me. He said 'we will go down below and see what we can do.' I replied 'all right,' and went with him. We made to go down the companion, but the smoke by that time was suffocating, and I said, seeing the Captain was determined to go down, 'For God's sake don't go down ; you will never come up again. We then went forward, where all the people were running to, and by the time we were there a few seconds the whole ship was in flames from end to end. We tried to get out the lifeboats but it was no use ; we could not get near them and we could do nothing at all. A lot of the passengers were jumping overboard with anything they could get hold of to keep them afloat, and the scene on deck was something terrible. When the Captain saw that the ship was on fire he ran her for the beach. We stayed forward until the deck was on fire under our feet, and then we jumped : I cannot swim, but Capt. de Witt saved my life by taking me ashore with him. While we were there some soldiers came down from the Fort and asked us to go up there and get shelter for the night. We were about to go there, but we saw the Pasig's boat shooting round the Point and went on board her. I think there would be about 200 saved and over 300 burned or drowned. When the Pasig left the Wahyueng was burning down to the water's edge. We saw some Chinese junks cruising about but they never rendered any assistance. We were very well treated on board the Pasig by the Captain and officers. Of course we could take nothing with us from the Wahyueng and have lost everything we had on board. Our cargo was a general one. There was no Kerosene. The vessel was very much crowded with passengers. It was, I should say, not more than twenty minutes from the time we saw the fire till the whole ship was in a blaze. We had her turned full steam on to the beach and she was beached about seven or eight minutes before we jumped. There were a lot of small-footed women and children among the passengers, and I fear very few of them have escaped. A good many of the men who jumped overboard and who could swim did not manage to reach the shore, the current being so strong that it carried a lot of them away up past the Point. Some of them were picked up two miles ahead of the Point. When it was first noticed, the smoke was so thick that it would have suffocated anybody who ventured below; it was something awful.

The attention of persons interested in gold mining in South Africa is now being drawn to the country to the north of the British Protectorate in Bechuanaland. A correspondent of a Transvaal paper states that a Capetown company is about to send several well-equipped prospecting parties "who will systematically prospect the whole of the Bamangwato country, which extends from the Victoria Falls

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Their Silver Keyless Lever Watch	50
Their highest "Perfect" Gold Watch	240
Maximum Variation one minute per Month	
Their reliable Chrograph Watch	85
Their Lady's handsome Keyless, 18 ct. Gold Watch with finest works Crystal front...	90
Do. do. Hunting case	120
Do. do. Half-Hunting case	125

REPAIRS OF EVERY KIND EXECUTED BY SPECIALISTS.

BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road, Opposite Clock Tower.

POONA, 1, East Street, Opposite the Napier Hotel.

HAY'S HOP ALE ESSENCE

Is made from the Choicest Hops Grown.

HAY'S HOP ALE.

The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.

Aerated Water Manufrs. -
Mess Presidents - -
Club Stewards - - -

Are requested to try this Essence. They will find the HOP ALE it makes a most valuable addition, which once introduced will be eagerly ordered.

It is the most Appetizing Non-Alcoholic Beverage known, and will have an immense permanent sale in hot climates. See these testimonials:—

"A beautiful essence. Has a fine Hop Aroma and is quite a pharmaceutical triumph."—*The Chemist and Druggist.*

"HAY'S HOP ALE.—This is an excellent Non-Alcoholic beverage."—*The Lancet.*

"Aerated Hop Ale made from this essence is unrivalled for its peculiarly fine Hop Flavour and Aroma."

"Has the Hop Taste of Bitter Beer, and is a nearer approach to Bass' or Allsopp's Ale then any non-intoxicants preceding it."—*Eastern Morning News.*

Trade Price, 8s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. & upwards, 8s.

QUANTITY REQUIRED, Two Fluid oz. to each Gallon of SYRUP, making 106 10-oz. BOTTLES.

W. HAY, Manufacturing Chemist, Beverley Road, HULL, ENGLAND.

HAY'S SOLUBLE ESSENCES

HAVE A WORLD-WIDE CELEBRITY.

Hay's Soluble Essence of Jamaica Ginger.
Hay's Compound Fortified Essence of Jamaica Ginger. For 1st quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Ale Extract. For 2nd quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Ale Essence, highly concentrated. For 3rd quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Champagne Essence, highly recommended.
Hay's Soluble Essence of Messina Lemons.
Hay's Lemon Flavour.
Hay's Hop Ale Essence.

Spurious imitations are made, but the difference is so marked that no manufacturer using them can compete with one using Hay's preparations. Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the goods are to be of

W. HAY'S (of Hull), Manufacture.

Rowlands' Macassar Oil

has been known for nearly 100 years as the best and safest preserver, restorer and beautifier of the human hair; it is warranted free from any lead or mineral ingredients, of which most hair restoratives are composed and which ruin the health (vide Medical papers), will keep fresh and sweet in the hottest climates and has a delicate and fragrant bouquet of roses; it prevents hair falling off or turning grey, strengthens weak hair, eradicates scurf or dandriff, and renders the hair soft, glossy, curly and glossy; it also stimulates the growth of whiskers and moustaches; it is especially recommended for children as forming the basis of a beautiful head of hair, and can also be had in a

GOLDEN COLOUR,

which, after great time and trouble, has been especially prepared for the use of golden-haired children and fair or grey-haired adults. Sizes 3s. 6d.; 7s.; family bottles, equal to four small, 10s. 6d.; and double that size, 21s.

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR is a healing and refreshing preparation for the face, hands and arms; it eradicates freckles, tan, sunburn, eczema, redness and roughness of the skin, pimples, cutaneous eruptions, etc., and produces a beautiful and delicate complexion.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a delightful fragrance to the breath. Ask anywhere for ROWLANDS' articles, of 20, Hatton Garden, London, and avoid spurious imitations with similar names.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENT:
TREACHER & Co., BYCULLA AND FORT, BOMBAY.

PERAMBULATOR & INVALID CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER

To the Trade, and for Export.

A Speciality for Hot Climates.

THE PATENT RUSTIC CAR,

which combines all the latest improvements, together with the introduction of the advantages of a Wood Body Bassinette without disadvantages. It is light in construction, elegant style, thoroughly well got up, combining strength and durability acknowledged to be the best ever introduced to the public. A special advantage is its convenience for export purposes, being so constructed as to take in parts, and will pack in cases with the greatest economy of space, and so simple that any individual with ordinary care may easily put them together, each several part being marked, so as to prevent any possible mistake, thus affording merchants the opportunity of shipping the most perfect of perambulators at a minimum cost.

PERAMBULATORS, BASSINETTES, & INVALID CARRIAGES of Modern Design and at lowest prices

Illustrated Price List Free on Application.

PHILIP BLEE, Newcastle Works, Basford, Nottingham, England.

BANKS,

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL... £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND ... £800,000

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the principal commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted through the bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ...	$7,560,000
RESERVE FUND ...	$3,900,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS...	$7,500,000

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, Ld.

BOMBAY—INTEREST ALLOWED

On Current Deposit Accounts, at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 500 and upwards but not exceeding Rs. 100,000.

On Fixed Deposits:—
For 6 months, at 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

F. DE BOVIS, Agent.

Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay December 12, 1885.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.

RESERVE FUND—£200,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank Limited.

INSURANCES.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay are issued by

REMINGTON & Co., Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation. Bombay, 16th August, 1875.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE LIFE AND MARINE
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and also accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous Rates.

WALLACE & Co., Agents, 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited,

IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust, and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Prite Bondsmen.

The Security of this Association is now generally adopted for Europeans and Native Officers under Government and Public Companies.

Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.

Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.

Premiums periodically reduced.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A., Albert Building. Secretary.

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCREASE OF FUNDS.	1885.	1886.
Income ...	£1,479,518	£1,515,165
General Reserve and Fire Re-insurance Funds ...	£1,850,000	£1,870,000
Life and Annuity Funds ...	£3,608,612	£3,807,579
Total Invested Funds ...	£7,072,140	£7,324,034

The attention of intending Insurers is particularly directed to the enormous resources of this Company.

Reduced Life Rates:—Liberal terms.
Large Bonuses. Next Division 31st Dec. 1888.

FIRE RISKS undertaken on Mills, Merchandise, Bungalows, and nearly every description of property in the Bombay Presidency on the most favourable terms.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co., Agents.

GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept. No COMMISSION charged. INTEREST allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance when not under Rs. 1,000. ACCOUNTS rendered half-yearly up to 30 June and 31 December. CHEQUE and PASS BOOKS furnished. GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved CHEQUES on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received at par. CHEQUES on LONDON cashed or sent for collection.

PAY and PENSIONS realised free of charge except when under guarantee to Government.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER, 6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST VINEYARD PROPRIETORS AND BEST SCOTCH AND IRISH DISTILLERS have for a period of nearly *THREE-QUARTERS OF A CENTURY* been represented by us. We quote MESS and CLUB rates *FIVE PER CENT. LOWER* than those of other shippers, so obviating the necessity of DIRECT IMPORTATION. Our experience and ENORMOUS PURCHASES enable us to offer special advantages.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Rampart Row, Bombay.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned.

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. quarts.
Eugene Cliquot Extra ...	Rs. 56 0	...
Ernest Irroy's Carte d'Or ...	" 35 0	...
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Pre-mium, White Seal, Dry ...	" 32 0	Rs. 34 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole ...	" 60 0	" 13 0

STILL HOCKS.

From G. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

SUPPLIERS TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES

Laubenheimer ...	Rs.	18 0
Deidesheimer ...	R.	19 0
Geisenheimer ...	"	...
Niersteiner ...	"	...
Leistraensmilch ...	"	...
Steinwein ...	"	...
Hochheimer Berg ...	"	28 0
Rudesheimer ...	"	28 0
Marcobrunner ...	"	31 0
Johannisberger ...	"	...

FRENCH WHITE WINES.

From A. DUPUIS, MACAU MISSION.

Sauterne ...	Rs.	20 0

PORT WINES.

From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.

Good Old Red Port ...	Rs.	18 0
Fine " " ...	"	22 0
Very Superior " " ...	"	26 0
Most Superior Old Red Port ...	"	32 0

CLARETS.

From MESSRS. H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands ...	Rs.	13 0 Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc ...	"	14 0 ...
Les Canons ...	"	16 0 18
Chateau Grand Lebrun ...	"	18 0 ...
Chateau Leoville ...	"	19 0 ...
Chateau Le Roc St. Estephe ...	"	21 0 ...
Chateau Lafitte ...	"	23 ...
Chateau Mauvesin ...	"	27 0 ...

From MUNEER & FILS.

Haut Canon ...	Rs.	15 0 ...
Margaux Medoc ...	"	17 0 ...
Chateau Larose ...	"	20 0 ...

From A. DUPUIS, MACAU MISSION.

Listrac Medoc ...	Rs.	12 0 Rs. 14
Cru de Barreyre ...	"	18 0 ...

From J. ROMMER & SOHN, WIEN.

Hungarian Claret ...	Rs.	17 0 ...
Chateau Rosmer ...	"	16 0 ...

From FRANZ SCHUBART.

Carlowitz ...	Rs.	12 0 " 14 0

From BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.

St. Julien, Star Label ...	Rs.	12 0 Rs. 14 0
" Red Bar ...	"	13 0 " 14 0
Chateau Larose ...	"	20 0 " 22 0

BRANDY.

F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy ...	Rs.	21 0 ...
Cognac, Gold labels, Blue capsules ...	"	30 0 ...
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne ...	"	35 0 ...
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy *** ...	"	37 0 ...

BURGUNDY.

From A. DUPUIS, MACAU MISSION.

Volnay ...	Rs.	21 0 ...

WHISKY.

Thistle Blend Whisky *** ...	Rs.	24 8 ...
" " " * ...	"	12 8 ...
Ben Cruachan's Blend * ...	"	13 0 ...

BEER.

	Per doz. qts.	Per doz. pints
Bavarian Export Beer ...	Rs. 6 0	Rs. 3 8
Anton Dreher's Vienna Beer ...	" 6 0	" 4 0
Marburg's Pilsener Beer ...	" 5 4	" 3 4
Gumm's ...	" 5 0	...

ITALIAN WINES.

Vino Grignolino ...	Rs.	15 0 ...
Etna Rossa ...	"	14 0 ...

SUNDRIES.

French Vermouth ...	Rs.	15 ...
Italian do. ...	"	16 0 ...
Finest Kuramel ...	"	30 0 ...
Chartreuse, Yellow ...	"	63 0 ...
Swiss Cheese in tins from lbs. 29 to 31 Rs. 9 11		per lb.

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

		Per doz.
Danish Butter, finest ...	per 1 lb. tin	Rs. 1 4
Italian Butter, finest, extra quality ...	1 lb. tin at	" 1 0
" " " ...	do.	" 1 0
" " " ...	2 do.	" 1 12

FROM BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.

	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin.
Asparagus ...	Rs. 2 8	Rs. 1 8
Celery ...	...	" 0 10
French Beans ...	...	" 0 10
Young Peas ...	...	" 0 12
Young Carrots ...	...	" 0 10
Selnage in Water ...	...	" 0 10
Mushrooms ...	...	" 0 12
White Cabbage ...	...	" 0 12
Small Sausages ...	...	" 1 6
Smoked Sausages ...	...	" 1 6
Liver Sausages ...	...	" 1 4

TERMS—

Net cash, no discount.

No order for less than one original package of Wines, Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.

Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, after three months.

VOLKART BROTHERS, Rampart Row.

Bombay, Dec. 2, 1887.

NOTICE

Messrs. HENRY S. KING CO., LONDON,

EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY

CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,

Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by all remittance

---

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

PROPRIETORS, LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

EXPORT AGENTS.

BURGOYNE, BURRIDGES and Co., Coleman-street London.

NEWBERY and SONS, 27, Newgate-street, London.

BARCLAY and SONS, 95, Farringdon-street, London

SANGER and SON, Oxford-street, London

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY.

SMITH, STANISTREET and Co.; BARRIGATE and Co. Calcutta.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

TREACHER and Co.; BOLTON and Co.

AGENTS FOR THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

BARRIE Co.; DE BEAUK and Co.; SCOTT.

MASCURINK and Co.

AGENT FOR RANGOON.

THE RANGOON MEDICAL HALL.

SHE SHOWED SIGNS OF DEATH. HOP BITTERS.

"52, Storks-road, S.S., June 2, 1887. HOP BITTERS

"To the Hop Bitters Company (Ld.) 41, Farringdon-road. HOP BITTERS.

"I have much pleasure in testifying to the exceeding great value of your Bitters. My grandmother, who is now 78 years old, was taken very ill with a severe cold, which settled in her back, affecting the kidneys. I had medical aid, but the medicine made her worse instead of better; and the doctor who attended her said she would only last a few hours. I must admit that I believed what he said was true, and she evidently showed signs of death. But we gave her doses of Hop Bitters at stated times, which acted with good results. It is now two months since this happened, and I am thankful to say that she has recovered so much as to be able to go out, and looks better than she did before she was taken ill. HOP BITTERS.

"You can make what use you like of this letter, as I feel convinced that had she not had the Bitters, I should be borrowing over her loss.—Yours faithfully, (Signed) "R. K. HAMILTON." HOP BITTERS.

HOP BITTERS for the LIVER, KIDNEYS, and BLOOD are unapproached by any other form of medicine. It is no vile dragged nostrum, but we guarantee it to be pure and wholesome, and compounded from the finest hops, together with other medicinal leaves and tinctures, on scientific principles. Only try a bottle to-day; or if you have a sick friend, or know some poor person in need of a nourishing tonic and wholesome medicine, go tell them, or give them a bottle of genuine Hop Bitters—it may be the happiest act of your life.

NOTICE.
NOTICE.
NOTICE
NOTICE.

HOP BITTERS.

Cannot be genuine Unless our name and only Address is at the foot Of every Label.

THE HOP BITTERS COMPANY, (LIMITED), FARRINGDON ROAD LONDON, E.C.

BEWARE OF FRAUDS.

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NOTICES.

GOLD MEDAL,
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

CHASSAING'S WINE

WITH

PEPSINE AND DIASTASE.

IT HAS A MOST AGREEABLE FLAVOUR, AND CONTAINS THE TWO NATURAL AND INDISPENSABLE AGENTS TO INSURE GOOD DIGESTION.

It will be found most beneficial in cases of Indigestion, Vomiting, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Consumption, Gastralgia, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Constipation.

FALIERES' PHOSPHATINE.

This food, which is very agreeable to the taste, is invaluable for the numerous cases in which the phosphate of lime is indicated, particularly in pregnant and nursing women, in children particularly after weaning, in old people and in convalescents.

FALIERES' SYRUP

of pure Bromide of Potassium

Prescribed with the greatest success for the cure of nervous maladies, headaches, sleeplessness, epilepsy, neurosis.

Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine.

FALIERES' GRANULATED

Bromide of Potassium

employed against the same affections.

PARIS:—6, AVENUE VICTORIA,
And at all Pharmacies.
BOMBAY: KEMP & Co., LD.

GOUT RHEUMATISM

CURED BY THE USE OF DOCTOR LAVILLE'S LIQUOR AND PILLS,

Approved by Doctor OSSIAN HENRY, Analytical Chemist of the Academie de Médecine of Paris.

"The liquor to be Used in Acute State of Gout or "Rheumatism.
"The pills in Chronical State.
"The liquor must be taken during the most acute fits.
"The pills must be taken during the interval of "fits to prevent them.
"All who suffer from gout or rheumatism should "read Doctor Laville's treatise.
"Post free, to all parts: 4d."

Wholesale, COMAR, 28, rue Saint-Claude, Paris.
Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

BOMBAY: KEMP & Co., LD.; TREACHER & Co., LD.

PRIZE OF £ 660 TO LAROCHE

Laroche's TRIPLE QUININE WINE GOLD MEDAL PRIZE £660

FROM THE THREE CINCHONAS

This *VINOUS ELIXIR* is the *most powerful* and valuable of the preparations of Quinine as a strengthening and anti-febrile restorative.

Been employed in cases of *weakness* and *general debility, loss of appetite, changes of life, nervousness, exhaustion, fever, etc.*

ALSO prepared with IRON

for *chlorosis, purifying* the *blood*, for *scrofulous affections*, etc.

● Paris, 22, rue Drouot, 22, Paris.

LONDON, NEWBERRY et Co., Druggists.
BOMBAY: BOLTON & Co.; MORENAS & Co.

DOCTOR RABUTEAU'S

(Laureate of the Institute of France).

DRAGEES, ELIXIR, SYRUP OF IRON, is used with great success in *Anemia, Chlorosis, Children's Weakness, Debility, Exhaustion, Convalescence, Poorness of Blood* after *fatigues, watches* and *excesses* of *all kinds.*

DOCTOR CLIN'S

(Medal of the Montyon Prize)

BROMIDE OF CAMPHOR is prepared in Capsules and Dragées. For *Nervous Diseases* and *in Brain* or *Mental affections.*

MATHEY-CAYLUS'

JAPONESE DROPS cure instantaneously the most violent TOOTH-ACHE and prevent the Pain from coming again by destroying the caries.

CLIN ET Co., PHARMACISTS, PARIS.

The products of CLIN et Co., Purveyors to the Hospitals of Paris, may be had of all Chemists and Druggists.

A Laxative and Refreshing Fruit Lozenge most agreeable to take, does not interfere with business and pleasure.

TAMAR INDIEN GRILLON

FOR

CONSTIPATION.

Hæmorrhoids,

Bile, Headache,

Loss of Appetite,

Gastric & Intestinal

Troubles.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

E. GRILLON, 69, Queen Str. Cheapside, London.

Rs. 80. Rs. 80.

18 Inch Dial. 18-Inch Dial.

OFFICE CLOCKS.

Pendulum works, best possible quality, striking hours and half-hours on a gong of deep, sonorous sound. The cases have been built specially to our own design for the Indian climate. They are made of seasoned hard wood, and will be found dust-proof.

The same Clock, with 12-inch Dial, Rs. 60.

Rs. 80. GUARANTEE FIVE YEARS. Rs. 80.

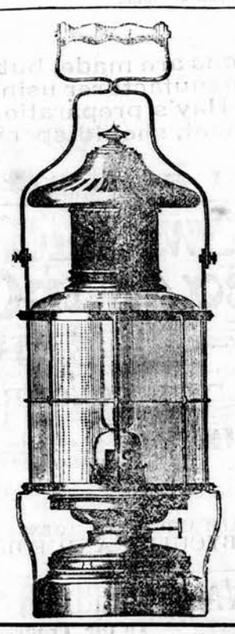
FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.,

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, SECUNDERABAD.

LAMPS * LAMPS * LAMPS

ALL KINDS OF KEROSINE OIL LAMPS, STORMPROOF.

SAFETY KEROSINE-OIL 150° *F.T.* (best quality).



ALL KINDS OF KEROSINE OIL LANTERNS, STORMPROOF.

KEROSINE-OIL COOKING-STOVES.

LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, late THEODOR KNAUST, BOMBAY, 69, Esplanade Road.

LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, late THEODOR KNAUST, BOMBAY, 69, Esplanade Road.

☞ Since removing into the larger and more commodious Premises, "69, Esplanade Road," all Orders can be executed with greater facility and quicker despatch.

LAMP WAREHOUSE OF R. DITMAR,
LATE THEODOR KNAUST,
Fort, 69, Esplanade Road (late 28, Medows Street).

CATALOGUES AND ILLUSTRATIONS FREE ON APPLICATION.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

Lea & Perrins

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

SODA WATER MACHINERY.

(McEWEN'S PATENT.)

THE MOST ECONOMICAL and BEST IN THE WORLD.

SAVES 30 per cent. in Materials. 50 per cent. in Power.

Occupies half the usual space, specially adapted for exportation.

McEWEN'S PATENT

RAPID PARAGON FILLER.

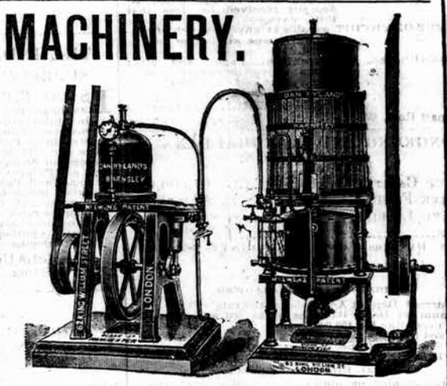
Only Filler which has obtained TWO GOLD MEDALS.

OVER 2,250 ALREADY SOLD

SOLE MAKER—

DAN RYLANDS, Barnsley, England.

CATALOGUES FREE.



A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

FOR CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price Rs. 3.8 per Gallon.

PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

ENGELBERT & CO.,

BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.

THACKER & Co., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

MOIST WATER-COLOUR BOXES.

JAPANNED TIN, with folding enamelled palette lid and space for brushes, fitted with the new patent flexible divisions.

Half-Cakes.	Rs. a.	Whole-Cakes.	Rs. a.
Box Containing 6 and Brushes	5 0	Box Containing 6 and Brushes	6 0
„ 8 „	6 0	„ 8 „	9 0
„ 10 „	7 0	„ 10 „	12 0
„ 12 „	8 0	„ 12 „	15 0
„ 16 „	12 0	„ 18 „	20 0
„ 20 „	15 0	„ 24 „	27 0
		„ 30 „	48 0

SKETCHING BLOCKS.

SKETCH BLOCKS OF WHATMAN'S EXTRA THICK PAPER, "N" or "R" surface (medium or rough). These blocks can also be had bound in cloth cases, with leather back and corners and pocket for finished sketches.

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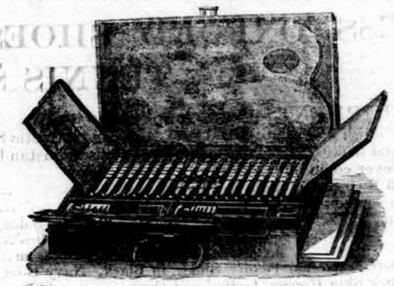

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